CITY OF SEBASTOPOL CITY COUNCIL

AGENDA ITEM REPORT FOR MEETING OF: February 4, 2025

To: Honorable Mayor and City Councilmembers
From: Ana Kwong – Administrative Services Director

Subject: Receive and File of the City's annual audit for year ended June 30, 2024

RECOMMENDATIONS:

The item is recommending the City Council receive the financial reports by a Certified Public Accountant for the City's annual audit for the year ended June 30, 2024.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The audit was conducted by Badawi & Associates, a certified public accountant firm, and resulted in an unmodified (clean) opinion on the City's financial statements and compliance. The audit report consists of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which provides summary financial information for the City and its operations, as well as supplementary information and statistical data. The ACFR follows the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and the reporting standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), and is submitted to the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) for recognition.

BACKGROUND AND DISCUSSION:

The purpose and scope of the report: The report is a summary of the City of Sebastopol's financial statements for the fiscal year 2023-24, audited by an independent firm and submitted to a national association for recognition.

The main findings and recommendations of the audit: The audit found that the City's financial statements are free of material misstatements and comply with the generally accepted accounting principles and standards. The audit also issued an unmodified (clean) opinion.

The structure and content of the report: The report consists of three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section provides a letter of transmittal and an overview of the City's financial status and results. The financial section contains the independent auditor's report, the management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and the notes to the financial statements. The statistical section provides historical and comparative data on the City's financial trends, revenue capacity, debt capacity, demographic and economic information, and operating information.

The difference between government-wide and fund statements: The report presents two types of financial statements: government-wide and fund statements. The government-wide statements report financial information based on when expenses occur and revenue are earned, similar to a private business. The fund statements report financial information based on when cash transactions occur, similar to a budgetary basis. The report reconciles the differences between the two types of statements.

STAFF ANALYSIS:

The ACFR is a detailed document with a lot of information. To make it easier to understand, this summary explains some of the accounting and finance terms used in the report. While the audit includes extensive financial information, the auditor's purpose is not to offer opinions on the financial condition of the City, that will be presented in forthcoming reports focused on the City's budget.

The ACFR is not a direct translation of a private sector financial statements. One key difference is the scope and purpose of the reports. Private sector financial statements focus on profitability and return on investment for shareholders, while the ACFR emphasizes accountability and transparency in the use of public funds. The ACFR includes additional sections such as the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), statistical data, and notes to the financial statements, providing a broader context for understanding the City's financial activities. Moreover, the ACFR adheres to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards, requiring additional information beyond the basic financial statements, including budgetary reporting, funding and liability data on pensions and other post-employment benefits (OPEB), and infrastructure condition assessments. In summary, while both the ACFR and private sector financial statements aim to present a clear picture of financial health, their objectives, scope, and reporting standards differ significantly.

Brief Summary of Terms

<u>Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)</u>: is a set of comprehensive financial statements on the financial state of the City as of the fiscal year end.

<u>Audit</u>: an annual examination performed by an independent accountant firm of the City's internal controls and finances.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u>: a part of government that accounts for the goods and services provided to the public for a fee and is self-supporting, similar to a private business. Example includes Water and Sewer operations.

<u>Fiscal Year (FY)</u>: a twelve month period July 1 through June 30 to which the annual budget applies, and financial transactions are recorded and subsequently audited.

<u>Fund:</u> a grouping of accounts used to record all the special purpose financial transactions for which the fund was created.

<u>Fund Balance</u>: the difference between assets and liabilities – in essence, what would be left over if the assets were used to pay the liabilities.

<u>Fund Statements</u>: detailed information on the primary governments funds whereby fund assets are exepected to be used within a year and current year liabilities are typically expected to be repaid or satisfied with current resources.

<u>General Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP):</u> uniform minimum stardards for financial accounting and recording, encompassing the conventions, rules, and procedures that define accepted accounting principles.

<u>Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA)</u>: a professional association of state, provincial, and local finance officers in the United States and Canada.

<u>Government-wide Statements</u>: report financial information based on when expenses occur and revenue are earned rather than when cash transactions occur, similar to that of a private business.

<u>Net position</u>: the calculation of all the City's assets minus the current and future liabilities and net pension deferrals. <u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>: this represents funding that can only be spent for very specific purposes, generally due to laws.

The City's financial statements provide information about the finances of the City in its entirety, as well as information about individual funds. The **ACFR** is organized into the three sections summarized below.

Introductory Section

 Letter of Transmittal - which is designed to complement Management's Discussion and Analysis (the MD&A), is prepared by management and used to communicate information on areas that may have an impact on the City's finances now and in the future. This includes economic factors as well as budget and management factors. Both should be read together to understand the City's financial position.

Financial Section (the main body of the ACFR for current year information)

- Independent Auditors' Report the City's report card on the content of the ACFR
- Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an analytical overview of the City's financial status and results for the year
- Basic Financial Statements reports finances at a point in time (assets liabilities) and throughout the year (revenues expenditures), and cash flows. The City prepares two types of financial statements that measure its finances differently; Government-wide (starting page 21-26) and Fund Statements (starting page 27-34). The Government-wide statements are designed to provide readers with broader overview of full City operations in a similar manner to those of a private business. These statements are designed to offer both long-term and short-term information about the government's financial position and performance. They help readers assess the financial health and operational outcomes of the entire government entity, encompassing all its activities; whereas Fund Statements provide detailed financials in a short term annual budgetary basis on specific funds.
 - City-Wide Statements overview of financial information including all of the City's operations by financial activity
 - o Fund Financial Statements a detailed look at funds, reporting the Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
 - O Notes to the Financial Statements (Notes) a narrative explanation that accompanies the Basic Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information

- Budget to Actual Comparisons for all governmental funds with a legally adopted budget
- Pension Information schedule of changes in the pension liability and related ratios; schedule of contributions by plan
- OPEB Information schedule showing three years of Other Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Statistical Section (current and historical information – up to 10 years)

The last section of the ACFR, which is unaudited, contains schedules of statistical data about the City of Sebastopol in five major categories:

- Financial Trends
- Revenue Capacity
- Debt Capacity
- Demographic and Economic Information
- Operating Information

These schedules, generally covering a ten-year period, provide operating context for the financial data presented in the financial section of the ACFR.

The Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Financial Statements measure different activity. The net change in fund balance of the governmental funds are reconciled to statement of net position on page 33. The Management's Discussion and Analysis and notes to financial statements explain the differences between fund balance and net position. In short governmental fund statements differ from government-wide net position and includes additional items, like pension liabilities.

The ACFR will be available on the City's website after tonight's meeting, and attached to this staff report. Copies are also available for review in the Administrative Services Department.

COMMUNITY OUTREACH:

City Manager Approval:

This item has been noticed in accordance with the Ralph M. Bro	own Act and was available for public viewing and
review at least 72 hours prior to schedule meeting date.	

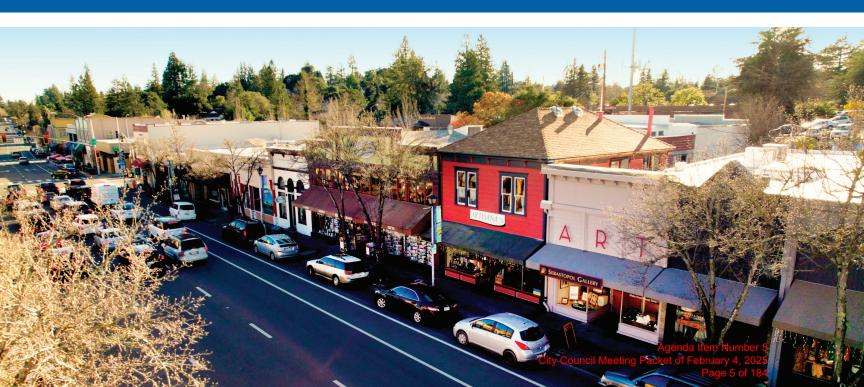
Approval Date: <u>1/23/25</u>

review at least 72 flours prior to schedule meetin	ig date.
FISCAL IMPACT: No impact for accepting this report.	
OPTIONS: Not Applicable	
ATTACHMENTS: Audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Power Point Document	(ACFR) as of June 30, 2024 – City of Sebastopol
APPROVALS:	
Department Head Approval:	Approval Date: <u>1/21/25</u>
CEQA Determination (Planning):	Approval Date: 1/21/25
The proposed action is not a project under the Ca	alifornia Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)
Administrative Services (Financial)	Approval Date: <u>1/21/25</u>
Costs authorized in City Approved Budget:	es 🗆 No 🗹 N/A
Account Code (f applicable)	
City Attorney Approval:	Approval Date: <u>N/A</u>



CITY OF SEBASTOPOL

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR 2023 - 2024



City of Sebastopol

Sebastopol, California

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Prepared by:

Administrative Services Department

City of Sebastopol Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the year ended June 30, 2024

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City Council

Mayor Stephen Zollman Vice Mayor Jill McLewis Phill Carter Neysa Hinton Sandra Maurer



Agenda Item Number 5 City Manager

Don Schwartz
dschwartz@cityofsebastopol.gov
Assistant City Manager/City Clerk, MMC
Mary Gourley

mgourley@cityofsebastopol.gov

City of Sebastopol

January 28, 2025

Honorable Mayor, Members of the Council and Citizens of the City of Sebastopol:

City staff is pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the City of Sebastopol (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. This report was prepared by the Administrative Services (Finance) Department, which is responsible for both the accuracy of the data presented, and the completeness of the presentation.

The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Badawi & Associates, a firm of certified public accountants, has audited the City's financial statements. They concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified ("clean") opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements and should be read in conjunction with this letter and the financial statements and notes.

The ACFR presents management's representations regarding the City's finances in a format required by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). We recognize that while the ACFR meets these requirements, it is challenging for most people to readily understand the City's fiscal condition from this report due to its highly technical nature. Management takes full responsibility for ensuring that all information in this report is complete and reliable. To support these representations, the City's management has established an internal control system aimed at protecting the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and at gathering reliable information for preparing the City's financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Given that the cost of internal controls should not exceed their benefits, the City's internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement. As management, we affirm that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Profile of the City of Sebastopol

The City of Sebastopol has a population of approximately 7,348 residents; and is located in Sonoma County, California. Sebastopol was incorporated in 1902, and operates under a council-manager form of government. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in the City Council consisting of the Mayor and four other elected Council members. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve four year staggered terms, with two members elected every two years. The Mayor is selected by the five-member Council and serves in that capacity for one year.

The Council is responsible for, among other matters, approving and modifying ordinances, adopting the City budget, appointing committee and commission members, and hiring the City Manager and City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for assuring compliance with the ordinances, implementing the policies and direction of the City Council, recommending an annual budget, appointing department heads, hiring employees, and managing daily operations of the City.

Sebastopol is a full-service city that provides a wide variety of municipal services to its residents and visitors, including municipal utilities (Water and Wastewater); fire and police protection; construction and

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maintenance of City streets, storm drains, bridges, and similar infrastructure type assets; park maintenance; community recreation activities; building inspections; licenses and permits; and facilities. The city also serves as a transportation and economic hub for West Sonoma County.

Sebastopol: A Community That Values Its People

Sebastopol is a community that truly values its people. It embraces inclusion, diversity, and sustainable environmental practices, while prioritizing the well-being and success of its residents and businesses. Visitors, whether from the San Francisco Bay Area or from around the globe, are drawn to Sebastopol for its natural beauty, fine dining, welcoming accommodations, and a variety of recreational and educational activities.

The City is renowned for its leadership in environmental sustainability, with a strong focus on conserving natural resources like energy and water. Sebastopol hosts numerous local events that celebrate the arts, supported by a vibrant Community Center that offers accessible space for local artisans, actors, and communicators. The city also features a "makers' space." Sebastopol aims to create an environment where citizens and visitors can learn and grow together in a nurturing and supportive atmosphere.

Budget Process

Each year, the City Council approves a budget that outlines the policies and fiscal actions to be taken by the City. This annual budget serves as the cornerstone of Sebastopol's financial planning and expenditure control system. The Budget Committee reviews the proposed operating and capital budgets and making recommendations to the City Council for final enactment. This structured budget process is designed to achieve the fiscal and policy goals for the upcoming fiscal year.

The process includes collaboration among the departments and City Manager. It also includes discussions and feedback from the Budget Committee, and considers requests from Councilmembers. Public hearings, typically starting in June, are held by the Council to review and gather input on the proposed budget before its formal adoption. The budget is adopted by fund, department, and account classification.

Active public involvement is essential to balancing the goals of continuous service improvement and fiscal sustainability. This report includes budget-to-actual comparisons for each governmental fund with an appropriated annual budget, ensuring transparency and accountability in the City's financial management.

Local Economy

The City is situated in the scenic Sonoma County, about sixty miles north of San Francisco, Sebastopol boasts a unique mix of specialty shops, including the charming Main Street and the Barlow retail area, which features restaurants and entertainment venues. This charming city attracts numerous visitors each year, contributing to its revenue through sales taxes and transient occupancy taxes. Visitors are drawn to Sebastopol for its appealing recreational opportunities, excellent food and wine, and specialty retail shops offering locally made products. The warm welcomes and friendly service ensure that they keep coming back.

The City support local employees by promoting new housing that fits the City's character. This includes the Canopy project, with construction anticipated to begin in 2025. These initiatives aim to provide modern, affordable housing options, thereby supporting the local economy and enhancing community well-being. Through these initiatives, the City is dedicated to fostering a more inclusive and resilient community where everyone has the opportunity to thrive, live, and shop locally, ultimately boosting sales tax revenue.

The City is cautiously optimistic about the potential development of two new hotels. Currently, with only one hotel in a region where tourism is a major industry, we are likely missing out on significant opportunities. Hotels contribute greatly to the local economy by supporting businesses and generating tax revenue from Transient Occupancy Taxes (TOT) and property taxes. However, while we remain hopeful, we are cautious about relying on this revenue until the hotels are much closer to opening. The hotel market can be unpredictable, and the associated revenues are too uncertain to depend on at this stage.

Future Challenges:

Over the past five years, recurring expenses have consistently exceeded recurring revenues. The City has relied on one-time revenues, such as funding from Assemblymember Levine for flooding, federal funding, and various grants, to support ongoing programs and services. Additionally, substantial amounts from the General Fund balance have been used. The FY 24-25 budget also depends on temporary revenues, particularly building fees from a peak in construction activity. This reliance on non-recurring revenues and a diminishing fund balance is unsustainable.

The City faces financial pressures on both revenue and expense fronts. Sales taxes, the largest funding source, have remained stagnant despite a growing economy. Changes in the allocation of administrative costs among utility funds and the General Fund have also added pressure In response, in November, 2024 voters approved a ½ cent increase in the local sales tax (Measure U), which if fully implemented would generate \$1.5 million annually. Due to a competing measure and a potential state cap on sales tax levels, as of this writing we are confident that the City will retain a ¼ cent increase for the twelve year duration of the tax, while the other ¼ cent is uncertain and will be addressed at that state level.

On the expense side, the City is experiencing rising costs in employee healthcare and pensions. Pension reform has provided some relief, but inflation and higher utility costs continue to impact the budget. Additionally, there is a significant need for investment in City assets, with an estimated annual requirement of \$900,000 to prevent deterioration. For example, \$850,000 is needed annually to improve street conditions, based on recent estimates. The FY 24-25 budget includes \$300,000 for asset preservation, reflecting the recommendation for the first year of these investments.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Sebastopol for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report, with contents that conform to program standards. The annual comprehensive financial report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Sebastopol has received the Certificate of Achievement for seven consecutive years (fiscal years ended 2017 through 2023). We believe our current report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we will be submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgment

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the teamwork and dedication within the City's Administrative Services (Finance) Department staff. We want to express our appreciation to everyone who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report.

Respectfully Submitted,

4EB87FD724BC48B...
Don Schwartz

Signed by:

City Manager

Ana Kwong

Administrative Services Director

CITY OFFICIALS

(as of the date of the Financial Statements)

City Council:

Stephen Zollman, Mayor
Jill McLewis, Vice Mayor
Phill Carter
Neysa Hinton
Sandra Maurer

City Staff:

City Manager	Don Schwartz
City Attorney	Contract (Alex Mog)
Assistant City Manager City Clerk	Mary Gourley
Administrative Services Director	. Ana Kwong
Building Official	. Contract (Steve Brown)
Community Development Director	Emi Theriault
Director of Public Works/City Engineer	. Mark Rincon-Ibarra
Fire Chief	. Contract (Dave Bray)
Police Chief	Ronald Nelson (Interim)

Advisory Commissions or Committees:

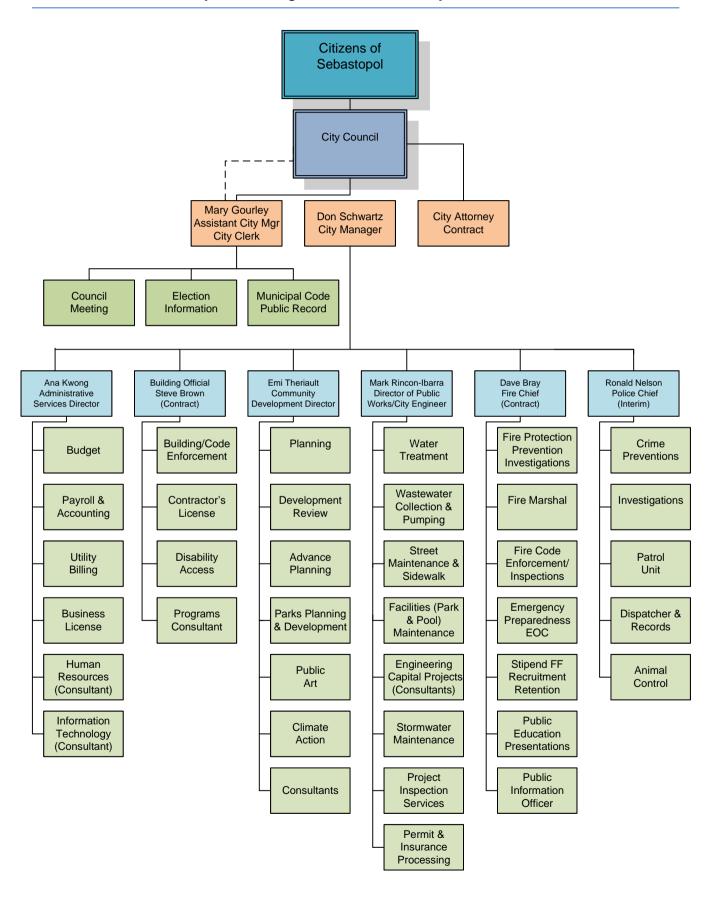
Planning Commission Design Review Board Public Arts Committee



City Organization

(as of the date of the Financial Statements)

City Wide Organization Chart by Function





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Sebastopol California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Of the City of Sebastopol Sebastopol, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sebastopol (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Of the City of Sebastopol Sebastopol, California Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension information, and OPEB information on pages 5–18 and 77–87 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Of the City of Sebastopol Sebastopol, California Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying general capital projects fund budgetary comparison schedule, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and budgetary comparison information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, general capital projects fund budgetary comparison schedule, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and budgetary comparison information, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 28, 2025, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Badawi & Associates, CPAs Berkeley, California

January 28, 2025

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(Rounded to the nearest \$1,000)

As management of the City of Sebastopol, California (City) we offer readers of the City's financial statements this overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year that began on July 1, 2023 and ended June 30, 2024 (FY23-24). We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal and the City's financial statements, with related notes, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded the liabilities and deferred inflows by \$19,846,000 (net position) at June 30, 2024: Governmental activities' net position was \$15,492,000; and business-type activities' net position was \$4,354,000.
- Total government-wide net position is categorized as follows:
 - o \$19,312,000 is the net investment in capital assets;
 - o \$2,592,000 is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net position); and,
 - (2,059,000) is the unrestricted net position, the residual of total net position less the other
 categories of net position. Unrestricted net position, when positive, is used by the city to meet its
 ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
 - For the fiscal year, the net position of governmental and business-type activities increased by and decreased by \$2.332,000 and (\$1,860,000) respectively; accounting for a government-wide increase in net position of \$472,000.
 - At June 30, 2024, the city's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$13,199,000. Governmental funds' balances increased by \$785,000 for the year reported.
 - The general fund reports fund balance of \$11,666,000 at June 30, 2024; and it is distributed in these categories:
 - 1) \$1,305,000 is categorized as **non-spendable**, and is comprised of prepaid items.
 - 2) \$2,861,000 is reported as **restricted**; with \$1,000,000 restricted for flood recovery; and \$1,861,000 restricted for pension.
 - 3) \$2,704,000 is reported as **assigned** fund balance, indicating the city's intention to use the financial resource for a particular purpose in the future, as follows:
 - Buildings, equipment and infrastructure, \$861,000;
 - Equipment, vehicle and technology replacement, \$643,000; and,
 - Pension and other post-employment liabilities rate stabilization, \$1,200,000.
 - 4) \$4,796,000 is **unassigned fund balance**, which represents the residual of total fund balance less other categories. It is available for consideration in the budget process.
 - Proprietary funds: Within the proprietary fund type, the city reports two enterprise funds, water and wastewater. Proprietary funds report a combined net position of \$4,354,000 at June 30, 2024; with \$3,472,000 reported in the water fund; and \$882,000 reported in the wastewater fund. The city also reports an internal service fund for insurance benefits, and that fund has a balance of one thousand dollars.

(Rounded to the nearest \$1,000)

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – a management's discussion and analysis (this section); the basic financial statements, with related notes to the financial statements; required supplementary information; and a supplementary information section that presents combining statements for non-major governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The *governmental fund's* statements tell how *general government* services like public safety were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.

Proprietary funds' statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as the water and wastewater system.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining statements that provide details about our non-major funds, each of which are added together and presented in a single column in the basic financial statements.

(Rounded to the nearest \$1,000)

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview explains the structure and content of each of the statements.

Figure A-1
Major Features of City of Sebastopol's Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund State	ements
	Government-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire City government	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire, and parks.	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses: the water and wastewater systems.
Required financial statements	Statement of net position	·Balance sheet	·Statement of net position
	Statement of activities	·Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	·Statement of revenues expenses, and changes in net position · Statement of cash flows
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-termand long- term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of City finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.

The <u>statement of net position</u> presents information on the City's assets and deferred outflows; liabilities and deferred outflows; and the residual difference of those elements which is reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>statement of activities</u> presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenues pertaining to uncollected taxes and expenses pertaining to earned but unused vacation and sick leave.

(Rounded to the nearest \$1,000)

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or in part a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). A description of the functions follows:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as the police, fire, public
 works, parks and community development departments and general administration. Property taxes, sales
 taxes, transient occupancy taxes, utility user taxes, and state and federal grants finance most of these
 activities.
- *Business-type activities* The City charges fees to customers to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The City's water and wastewater system are included here.

Fund Financial Statements financial information for funds, which are groupings of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: *governmental funds and proprietary funds*.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds' financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the City's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds' balance sheet and the governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains individual governmental funds organized according to their type (the general fund and special revenue, capital projects and debt service funds). Information is presented separately in the governmental funds' balance sheet and in the governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data for the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation entitled "non-major governmental funds". The individual and combining fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided as supplementary information in this report.

Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-and short-term financial information.

The City reports three funds within the **proprietary funds category**: Two **enterprise funds** account for water and wastewater business-like activities; and one **internal service** fund accounts for some insurance services. Both enterprise funds are considered to be major funds, and as such are reported in separate columns within the proprietary funds' financial statements.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of the funds are not available to support the government's own programs. The City does not report fiduciary funds for the year ended June 30, 2024.

(Rounded to the nearest \$1,000)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position: The City's combined net position, including both governmental activities and business-type activities is reflected in Table A-1

Table A-1 City of Sebastopol's Net Position

(rounded, nearest thousand dollars)

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities			Total					
		2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023
Current and other assets	\$	15,377,000	\$	16,511,000	\$	2,026,000	\$	4,098,000	\$	17,403,000	\$	20,609,000
Capital assets		14,855,000		12,032,000		9,122,000		9,207,000		23,977,000		21,239,000
Total assets		30,232,000		28,543,000		11,148,000		13,305,000		41,380,000		41,848,000
Deferred outflows of Resources				_		_						
Deferred Outflows Pension and OPEB		5,303,000		5,500,000		1,123,000		1,155,000		6,426,000		6,655,000
Total deferred outflows of resources		5,303,000		5,500,000		1,123,000		1,155,000		6,426,000		6,655,000
Current Liabilities		2,375,000		3,000,000		750,000		784,000		3,125,000		3,784,000
Long-term Liabilities		16,570,000		16,099,000		6,999,000		7,245,000		23,569,000		23,344,000
Total liabilities		18,945,000		19,099,000		7,749,000		8,029,000		26,694,000		27,128,000
Deferred inflows of Resources												
Deferred inflows - Pension and OPEB		1,099,000		1,784,000		168,000		217,000		1,267,000		2,001,000
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,099,000		1,784,000		168,000		217,000		1,267,000		2,001,000
Net Position												
Invested in capital assets		13,491,000		10,408,000		5,821,000		5,367,000		19,312,000		15,775,000
Restricted		2,592,000		2,696,000		-		-		2,592,000		2,696,000
Unrestricted		(592,000)		56,000		(1,467,000)		847,000		(2,059,000)		903,000
Total net position	\$	15,491,000	\$	13,160,000	\$	4,354,000	\$	6,214,000	\$	19,845,000	\$	19,374,000

(Rounded to the nearest \$1,000)

Total net position, (assets and deferred outflows, less liabilities and deferred inflows), was \$19,845,000 at June 30, 2024. Governmental activities net position was \$15,491,000; and business-type activities' net position was \$4,354,000.

The largest component of the City's net position is invested in capital assets; and is reported at \$19,312,000. This component represents 97% of total net position as of June 30, 2024. The City uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used, with \$2,592,000 reported as restricted at June 30, 2024.

(Rounded to the nearest \$1,000)

Changes in Net Position: Table A-2 reflects comparative changes in net position, for both government and business-type activities for fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023.

Table A-2
Changes in City of Sebastopol's Net Position
(rounded to nearest thousand dollars)

	Government	tal Activities	Business Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 856,000	\$ 1,178,000	\$ 5,304,000	\$ 5,359,000	\$ 6,160,000	\$ 6,537,000	
Grants and contributions	752,000	2,527,000			752,000	2,527,000	
Capital grants and contributions	2,265,000	575,000			2,265,000	575,000	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	3,608,000	3,469,000			3,608,000	3,469,000	
Sales Tax	4,521,000	4,609,000			4,521,000	4,609,000	
Transient Occupancy Taxes	519,000	544,000			519,000	544,000	
Other Taxes	1,468,000	1,320,000			1,468,000	1,320,000	
Other income	602,000	870,000	98,000	115,000	700,000	985,000	
Total revenues	14,591,000	15,092,000	5,402,000	5,474,000	19,993,000	20,566,000	
Expenses							
General government	3,216,000	2,702,000			3,216,000	2,702,000	
Public safety	6,374,000	5,109,000			6,374,000	5,109,000	
Parks and recreation	1,164,000	1,011,000			1,164,000	1,011,000	
Public works	1,543,000	929,000			1,543,000	929,000	
Interest	33,000	30,000			33,000	30,000	
Water			2,923,000	2,506,000	2,923,000	2,506,000	
Wastewater			4,269,000	3,765,000	4,269,000	3,765,000	
Total expenses	12,330,000	9,781,000	7,192,000	6,271,000	19,522,000	16,052,000	
Increase in net position before							
transfers and special item	2,261,000	5,318,000	(1,790,000)	(797,000)	471,000	4,521,000	
Transfers	70,000	31,000	(70,000)	(31,000)	-	-	
Increase (decrease) in net position	2,331,000	5,349,000	(1,860,000)	(828,000)	471,000	4,521,000	
Change in Net Position	2,331,000	5,349,000	(1,860,000)	(828,000)	471,000	4,521,000	
Net position beginning	13,160,000	7,811,000	6,214,000	7,042,000	19,374,000	14,853,000	
Net position, ending	\$ 15,491,000	\$ 13,160,000	\$ 4,354,000	\$ 6,214,000	\$ 19,845,000	\$ 19,374,000	

Governmental Activities:

The government-wide net position saw an overall increase of \$471,000. This change was driven by a significant rise of \$2,331,000 in governmental activities, which was partially offset by a decrease of \$1,860,000 in business-type activities. The primary factors contributing to the increased net position were higher spending on public safety and public works, along with an increase in capital grant reimbursements. On the other hand, the net position decrease in business-type activities was mainly due to relatively flat rate revenue and higher expenses for wastewater treatment charged by a regional system operator, as well as increased personnel service costs.

(Rounded to the nearest \$1,000)

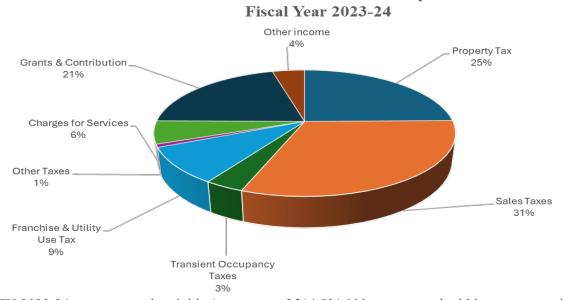
Governmental Activities Revenue:

Governmental activities' services were financed as follows:

- Tax revenues totaling \$10,116,000 were collected from property owners, retail sales, utility use, and hotel occupancy; and
- Tax revenue is the primary funding source for governmental activities, with sales taxes comprising approximately 31% of governmental activities revenue and transient occupancy taxes making up 3%. These sources are considered more sensitive to short-term economic changes than property taxes, which account for 25% of total revenue, franchise fees and utility taxes, which make up 9% of total revenue; and
- Those who directly benefited from the programs paid charges for services amounting to \$856,000; and
- Grants and contributions, charges for services, and other income account for the remaining 34% of governmental activities' revenue; and
- Other governments and organizations subsidized certain programs with operating grants of \$752,000 and capital grants of \$2,265,000; and
- Interest earnings, miscellaneous revenues, and transfers from other funds totaled \$791,000, as reflected in the following chart:

Governmental Activities Revenue by Source

A graphical representation of the relative weights of governmental activities revenues follow



Total FY 2023-24 governmental activities' revenues of \$14,591,000 are reported within two categories: Program revenues \$3,873,000, (26%); and general revenues \$10,718,000, (74%). Total governmental activities revenues decreased by \$501,000, or 3%, over the prior year: General revenues, primarily taxes, decreased by \$94,000; and program revenues decreased by \$407,000.

Tax revenues: The tax revenue category experienced slight increase overall, with a 0.59% over prior year of \$59,000.

Property taxes of \$3,608,000 reflect an increase of \$139,000, or 4.0%, compared to the prior year. The California constitution limits the baseline growth in assessed values used to calculate property taxes to 2%. However, assessed values can increase upon transfers of ownership and under specific conditions such as property tax reassessment catch-up, which typically cause the increase to range beyond constitution limits from 2% to 4%.

(Rounded to the nearest \$1,000)

Sales taxes of \$4,521,000 reflect a decrease of \$88,000, or 1.9%, compared to the prior year. This year-over-year change is attributed to lowered customer demand, primarily due to the Federal Reserve raising interest rates to curb inflationary pressures. These higher interest rates have, in turn, impacted consumer spending, leading to a reduction in sales tax revenue.

Transient Occupancy Taxes of \$519,000 reflects a decrease of \$25,000, or 4.6%, compared to the prior year. The reduction in TOT revenue which have impacted consumer spending and travel behavior goes hand in hand with the decrease in sales tax revenue, as both are influenced by the same economic factors.

Other taxes of \$1,353,000 increased by \$33,000, or 2.5%, over the prior year; and include user taxes on telecommunications bills and franchise fees. Revenue changes reflect normal growth in customer demand for services.

Program revenues overall of \$3,873,000 decreased by \$407,000, or 9.5%, compared to the prior year. This decrease is primarily due to the cessation of Federal economic recovery grant funds. Instead, the City received capital reimbursement for the Bodega Ave capital project, which resulted in a net reduction in program revenue.

Governmental Activities Expenses:

Table A-3 presents expenses for each of the City's functional areas, as well as the changes compared to the prior year:

Table A-3
Cost of City Sebastopol's Governmental Activities
(in rounded nearest one thousand dollars)

	Expenses by	Percentage Change	
	2024	2023-2024	
General Government	3,216,000	2,702,000	19.02%
Public Safety	6,374,000	5,109,000	24.76%
Parks and recreation	1,164,000	1,011,000	15.13%
Public Works	1,543,000	929,000	66.09%
Interest on Long term Debt	33,000	30,000	10.00%
Total	12,330,000	9,781,000	26.06%

The changes in functional areas' shares of total expenses are primarily due to a significant increase in public works and public safety expenses, which are driven by higher salaries and wages due to routine merit increases, one time payout, and cost of living adjustments. Additionally, the general government experienced an increase primarily due to higher litigation expenses. Pension expense for a given fiscal year is based based upon changes in actuarial estimates of the net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows of economic resources that will be recognized in future periods. (See the financial statement note 11 for more information about the measurement and recognition of pension liabilities and expenses.)

(Rounded to the nearest \$1,000)

Business-Type Activities:

The City's business-type activity is comprised of transactions that occur in the water and wastewater enterprise funds.

Net position of the water enterprise fund was \$3,472,000 and the net position of the wastewater fund was \$882,000, for a combined net position of \$4,354,000 for all business-type activity at June 30, 2024. The enterprise funds report net position in two components – Investment in capital assets is reported at \$3,500,000 and \$2,322,000 for the water and wastewater funds, respectively.

For FY23-24 the net position of business-type activities decreased by (\$1,860,000). The water fund's net position decreased by (\$488,000); and the wastewater fund's net position decreased by (\$1,372,000). The change in net position represents 29.9% of the combined funds' beginning net position.

Revenue shortfalls and increase in expenses are the primary cause of the decreases in net position and are attributed to the delay in implementing water rate increases, as well as rising subregional costs and personnel services. The City is currently engaged in a utility rate study to address these issues and is in the process of wrapping up its water rate increase study.

Investment in capital assets is the largest category of the business-type activities' net position, with \$5,821,000 and 133.7% of total net position. Unrestricted net position, total net position less net position invested in capital assets is (\$1,467,000) and (33.7%) of the total.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds: The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's short-term financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party or the City itself.

The City's governmental funds include the general fund, general capital projects fund, and all non-major funds which are reported in the aggregate in the financial statements. Detail for the individual non-major funds' information is provided in the supplementary information section of this report.

At June 30, 2024, the City's governmental funds reported total fund balances of \$13,199,000 an decrease of \$784,000 in comparison with the prior year. The total fund balance is reported within these categories:

- \$1,305,000 is "non-spendable" because the financial resources have been used to prepay expenditure and advances to wastewater fund.
- \$4,454,000 is "restricted," and is only available to spend as specified by external funding sources.
- \$417,000 is "committed," and is considered available only for particular purposes already approved by the City Council. Only the City Council can change the purposes for which fund balance was committed, by taking action similar to what is needed to approve budgets.
- \$2,704,000 is "assigned" for a particular future use.
- \$4,319,000 is "unassigned," and as such is considered available to finance future years' budgetary needs at the discretion of the City Council.

(Rounded to the nearest \$1,000)

The June 30, 2024 total governmental funds balance is comprised of the general fund's fund balance \$11,666,000, transportation grants special revenue fund's fund balance of (\$369,000), general capital project fund's fund balance of (\$51,000), and the non-major funds' combined fund balances of \$1,953,000.

General Fund:

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. During FY 23-24, the general fund balance decreased by \$305,000; and is \$11,666,000 as of June 30, 2024. Fund balance is distributed in the following categories:

- \$1,305,000 is "non-spendable" because the financial resources have been used to prepay expenditure and advances to wastewater fund.
- \$2,861,000 is restricted for uses specified by external funding sources or law.
- \$2,704,000 is "assigned" for these stated uses:
 - o \$860,000 for buildings and infrastructure;
 - o \$643,000 for equipment, technology and vehicle replacement; and,
 - o \$1,200,000 for pension and post-employment medical benefits.
- \$4,796,000 is "unassigned," and as such is considered available to finance future years' budgetary needs at the discretion of the City Council.

As a measure of the City Council's general fund budgetary discretion, it may be useful to calculate unassigned fund balance as a percentage of annual expenditures: Unassigned general fund balance of \$4,796,000 at June 30, 2024 represents 42% of FY 23-24 general fund expenditures of \$11,463,000.

The general fund's total fund balance decreased \$305,000 during FY 2023-24. The change in attributed to energy efficiency capital project spending.

FY 23-24 general fund expenditures of \$11,463,000 reflect an increase of \$113,000, or 1%, over the prior year's expenditures. The overall expenditure increase is modest, with significant variations in spending across different categories. Public safety expenditures have seen a substantial rise, while capital purchases have not experienced much growth. This uneven distribution of spending explains why the overall increase is small in percentage terms.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The FY 23-24 general fund's original budget anticipated a decrease in fund balance of (\$1,361,0001) and that budget was amended during the year to anticipate a decrease in fund balance of (\$2,318,000).

The FY 23-24 general fund's budgetary financing sources anticipated during the Council's approval of the original budget and final remains unchanged. However, appropriations for expenditures approved in the original FY 23-24 general fund budget were increased by \$957,000 by Council amendment. The added appropriations funded an garbage franchise study.

Other financing sources (uses) reported in the general fund budgetary comparison schedule include the transfers in, and transfers out. The FY 23-24 budgeted amounts for these accounts were not amended.

The FY 23-24 general fund's actual change in fund balance exceeded the final budget estimate \$2,013,000. Revenues exceeded final estimates by \$972,000; expenditures were \$1,388,000 less than the final budget's appropriations; and other financial sources (uses) report an unfavorable variance of \$347,000 attributed to transferring residual of prior year donation balance to a separate fund and closing out payment of energy project. Favorable revenue is due to a combination of tax collections, investment earnings, and final reimbursement for energy project grant were the primary reasons the overall revenue variance was positive. Salary savings within the public safety function were a primary contributor to favorable expenditures variances.

(Rounded to the nearest \$1,000)

A budgetary comparison schedule within the required supplementary information section of this report provides more detail on the original budget, final budget and actual results. The information includes a comparison between the final budget and actual results for each significant general fund revenue account and for each general fund functional area and operating department.

Transportation Grants Special Revenue Fund:

The transportation grants special revenue fund reports June 30, 2024 fund balance of (\$369,000). The negative balance is caused by current year expenditures that will be reimbursed form the following year's resources outside of the 60 day time period for revenue recognition.

General Capital Project Fund:

The general capital projects fund reports June 30, 2024 fund balance of (\$45,000), a decrease of \$6,000 for FY 23-24. The negative balance is caused by timing of reimbursement outside of the 60 day time period for revenue recognition.

Non-major Governmental Funds:

Non-major governmental funds, in the aggregate reported June 30, 2024 fund balances of \$1,953,000. Aggregated information of the non-major funds is displayed in the financial statements that also include the major governmental funds. The individual fund information for non-major governmental funds is reported in the combining statements that are found in the supplemental information section of this report.

Overall, non-major funds' aggregated fund balances decreased by (\$66,000) during FY 23-24. The decrease is attributed to the appropriate use of financial resources accumulated in prior years to fulfill the purposes for which those accumulated resources were intended.

Proprietary Funds – Water and Sewer Enterprise Funds:

Proprietary fund-type activity is comprised of the water and wastewater enterprise funds, and one internal service fund used to allocate insurance costs. The combined net position at of enterprise funds at June 30, 2024 is \$4,354,000; with \$5,821,000 representing the net investment in capital assets and (\$1,467,000) reported as unrestricted net position.

The changes in these enterprise funds' activities are described in the business-type activities' section of this management discussion and analysis.

Internal Service Fund:

The city also reports the insurance and benefits internal service fund within the proprietary category. The fund takes in revenues in the form of charges paid to other funds of the City and spends those revenues to deliver insurance and other benefits. Ending fund balance was \$1,000 at June 30, 2024, and was unchanged by FY 23-24 activities.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2024 the City had invested \$25,077,000, (net of accumulated depreciation), in a broad range of capital assets, including equipment, vehicles, streets, buildings, park facilities, and water and wastewater systems. This amount represents a net increase of \$3,838,000 for FY 23-24.

(Rounded to the nearest \$1,000)

Governmental activities capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation increased by \$2,822,000 during FY 23-24, due to additions in depreciable assets, \$867,000; an increase in construction in progress, \$2,876,000; and depreciation charges, (\$921,000). The asset activity primarily consisted of routine vehicle and equipment replacement and construction in progress related to energy conservation assets, and normal depreciation.

Business-type activities capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$1,016,000 during FY 23-24, due to additions in depreciable assets, \$1,179,000; an increase in construction in progress, \$541,000; less depreciation charges, (\$704,000). The capital asset activity was related to normal replacement projects for the water and wastewater systems, and normal depreciation.

Table A-4 provides a recap of capital asset activity. See the notes to the financial statements for detail on the changes of capital assets, (Note 6 - A).

Table A-4
City of Sebastopol's Capital Assets
(in millions of dollars)

	Governmental	Activities	Business-type	Activities	Total		
	2024	2023	2024 2023		2024	2023	
Land and CIP	7.71	4.84	3.95	3.41	11.66	8.25	
Buildings & structures	8.05	7.95			8.05	7.95	
Machinery and equipment	2.88	2.83	0.24	0.24	3.12	3.07	
Reservoirs			4.29	4.29	4.29	4.29	
Pipelines & water system			4.83	4.24	4.83	4.24	
Pipelines & wastewater system			8.97	8.37	8.97	8.37	
Vehicles	3.13	2.75	1.02	1.02	4.15	3.77	
Infrastructure	9.49	9.16	-		9.49	9.16	
Accumulated depreciation	(16.42)	(15.50)	(13.08)	(12.37)	(29.50)	(27.87)	
Total	14.84	12.03	10.22	9.20	25.06	21.23	

Changes in Long-term Liabilities – Debt:

For the year reported, general activities' long-term debt obligations decreased by \$1,187,000, and total \$1,364,000 as of June 30, 2024. Significant transactions included \$397,000 reductions in long-term obligations due to scheduled payments. Detailed information for long-term debt obligations is provided in note 7.A.

For FY 23-24 business-type long term debt obligations decreased by \$415,000, and total \$4,401,000 as of June 30, 2024. Significant transactions consist of normal reductions in debt obligation principal due to scheduled payments, \$415,000.

(Rounded to the nearest \$1,000)

Detailed information about the City's long-term obligations can be found in the "Notes to the Basic Financial Statements" under section 7.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES:

The City continues to adopt conservative budgets to safeguard financial stability and remain adaptable to changing needs as revenues fluctuate. Regular reviews of revenues and expenditures are conducted to monitor the City's fiscal health and ensure the protection of its financial resources. One promising source of sustainable revenue is an additional sales tax. On July 16, 2024, the City Council adopted a resolution to place a ½ cent sales tax on the November 5, 2024, Municipal Election ballot. This tax is expected to generate about \$1.5 million annually. Additionally, people from outside the town who shop here will also contribute to this tax, so the burden is not solely on our residents.

For the 2025 fiscal year, (starts July 1, 2024 and ends June 30, 2025) the following budgetary highlights are noted:

- The projected General Fund revenues for FY 24-25 are \$14,304,000, which is an increase of \$968,000 from the prior year adjusted budget. There is \$714,000 less in funds transferred from the Water and Sewer funds for administrative costs due to a new allocation method determined in early 2024. The budget includes \$15,002,000 in General Fund expenses, a decrease of \$212,000 from the previous year. This level of spending necessitates service reductions, continuing the trend of cuts from prior years. Overall, the budget reflects a deficit of \$698,000, which is less than half of the \$1,700,000 deficit from the previous year. While closing such a substantial gap in one year is challenging, this budget shows progress.
- The City's water and wastewater systems are in poor condition, requiring over \$9 million in additional revenue over the next three years to cover operating deficits, essential capital projects, and build reserves. The City Council approved substantial rate increases to generate about \$2.5 million in the first year. A new Cost Allocation Plan reduced General Fund charges by \$714,000 annually. These measures aim to improve the systems' reliability and financial health, while avoiding future steep rate increases through better tracking, master plans, frequent maintenance, and regular Cost Allocation Plans.

The City of Sebastopol invites interested readers to review the detailed operating budget by visiting the website: https://www.cityofsebastopol.gov/wp-content/uploads/2022/11/FY24-25-Adopted-Budget-for-Viewing.pdf

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Administrative Services Director at the City of Sebastopol, 7120 Bodega Avenue, Sebastopol, CA 95472, (707) 823-7863, akwong@cityofsebastopol.gov.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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City of Sebastopol Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 9,915,942	\$ 1,019,887	\$ 10,935,829
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents	1,861,555	-	1,861,555
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectible amount):	(00.022	712 (70	1 400 710
Accounts receivable Taxes receivable	689,032 1,106,415	713,678	1,402,710 1,106,415
Interest receivable	51,208	3,596	54,804
Lease receivable	36,538	-	36,538
Prepaid items	205,154	288,480	493,634
Total current assets	13,865,844	2,025,641	15,891,485
Noncurrent assets:			
Notes receivable	181,542	-	181,542
Leases receivable	229,919	-	229,919
Internal balances	1,100,000	(1,100,000)	-
Capital assets:	7,715,206	3,949,442	11,664,648
Non-depreciable Depreciable, net	7,139,421	6,273,023	13,412,444
Total capital assets	14,854,627	10,222,465	25,077,092
Total noncurrent assets	16,366,088	9,122,465	25,488,553
Total assets	30,231,932	11,148,106	41,380,038
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	5,086,256	1,122,689	6,208,945
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	216,812	4 422 600	216,812
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,303,068	1,122,689	6,425,757
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:	(T) (P)		
Accounts payable	670,428	263,280	933,708
Accrued interest payable Accrued liabilities	9,145 281,130	5,444	14,589 281,130
Deposits payable	353,973	7,490	361,463
Unearned revenues	9,417	50,165	59,582
Total OPEB liability - due within one year	91,634	-	91,634
Compensated absences - due within one year	750,000	4,000	754,000
Long term debt - due within one year	208,839	419,533	628,372
Total current liabilities	2,374,566	749,912	3,124,478
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	414,940	57,313	472,253
Long term debt - due in more than one year	1,154,771	3,981,529	5,136,300
Total OPEB liability - due in more than one year Net pension liability	1,630,675 13,369,294	2,960,338	1,630,675 16,329,632
Total noncurrent liabilities	16,569,680	6,999,180	23,568,860
Total liabilities	18,944,246	7,749,092	26,693,338
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	507,402	167,520	674,922
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - leases	332,428 259,651	-	332,428
Total deferred inflows of resources		167,520	259,651
	1,099,481	167,320	1,267,001
NET POSITION	10 101 01=	= 0=4 40=	40.040.400
Net investment in capital assets	13,491,017	5,821,403	19,312,420
Restricted for: Flood recovery	999,544		999,544
Housing	208,277	-	208,277
Streets	1,090,426	-	1,090,426
Other purposes	293,873	-	293,873
Total restricted	2,592,120		2,592,120
Unrestricted	(591,864)	(1,467,220)	(2,059,084
	\/***	(, , , =)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

City of Sebastopol Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2024

		Program Revenues							
				0	Operating		Capital		
		Ch	narges for	Gı	rants and	C	Grants and		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	Cor	ntributions	Co	ntributions		Total
Primary Government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 3,215,865	\$	223,487	\$	325,366	\$	-	\$	548,853
Public safety	6,374,018		131,130		344,279		-		475,409
Public works	1,542,964		482,328		-		2,265,289		2,747,617
Parks and recreation	1,163,946		18,871		82,771		-		101,642
Interest on long-term debt	 33,287		_		_				
Total governmental activities	12,330,080		855,816		752,416		2,265,289		3,873,521
Business-type activities:									
Water services	2,923,488		2,433,539		-		-		2,433,539
Wastewater services	4,269,156		2,870,624		_		_		2,870,624
Total business-type activities	7,192,644		5,304,163						5,304,163
Total primary government	\$ 19,522,724	\$	6,159,979	\$	752,416	\$	2,265,289	\$	9,177,684

General Revenues and Transfers:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Transient occupancy taxes

Utility user taxes

Franchise taxes

Other taxes

Total taxes

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning of year

Net position - end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total			
\$ (2	2,667,012)	\$	-	\$	(2,667,012)		
•	5,898,609)		-		(5,898,609)		
`	1,204,653		-		1,204,653		
(1,062,304)		-		(1,062,304)		
	(33,287)		-		(33,287)		
(3	8,456,559)		_		(8,456,559)		
	-		(489,949)		(489,949)		
	-		(1,398,532)		(1,398,532)		
	-		(1,888,481)		(1,888,481)		
(1	8,456,559)		(1,888,481)		(10,345,040)		
	3,608,219		-		3,608,219		
4	4,521,289		-		4,521,289		
	519,452		-		519,452		
	863,179		-		863,179		
	489,591 114,791		-		489,591 114,791		
10	0,116,521		-		10,116,521		
	496,694		98,679		595,373		
	104,454		-		104,454		
	69,977		(69,977)		-		
1	0,787,646		28,702		10,816,348		
2	2,331,087		(1,859,779)		471,308		
\$ 13	3,160,186	\$	6,213,962	\$	19,374,148		
\$ 1	5,491,273	\$	4,354,183	\$	19,845,456		

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Fund Financial Statements
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

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GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Transportation Grants Special Revenue Fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures of transportation grants awarded to the City.

General Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

City of Sebastopol Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

		Major Funds								
			Trar	sportation			Non-Major			Total
			Grants Special		Gen	eral Capital	Go	vernmental	Governmental	
	G	eneral Fund	Rev	enue Fund	Pro	oject Fund		Funds		Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	7,605,510	\$	-	\$	144,702	\$	1,871,755	\$	9,621,967
Restricted cash and investments		1,861,555		-		_		-		1,861,555
Accounts receivable		152,624		369,251		-		167,157		689,032
Taxes receivable		1,027,019		-		-		79,396		1,106,415
Accrued interest receivable		41,486		-		-		9,722		51,208
Notes receivable		-		-		-		181,542		181,542
Leases receivable		266,457		-		-		-		266,45
Due from other funds		489,606		-		-		47,840		537,446
Advances to other funds		1,100,000		-		-		-		1,100,000
Prepaid items		205,154		-		-		-		205,154
Total assets	\$	12,749,411	\$	369,251	\$	144,702	\$	2,357,412	\$	15,620,776
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF										
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	461,356	\$	_	\$	195,454	\$	1,824	\$	658,634
Due to other funds		-		369,251		-		168,195		537,440
Unearned revenues		1,134		, -		-		8,283		9,41
Deposits		353,973		_		-		-		353,973
Total liabilities		816,463		369,251		195,454		178,302		1,559,470
Deferred inflows of resources:		010,100		007,201		170/101		170,002		1,007,17
Unavailable revenues		6,806		369,251		_		226,166		602,223
Deferred inflow of resources - leases		259,651		-		_				259,651
Total deferred inflow of resources		266,457		369,251				226,166		861,874
Fund Balances:		200,107		007,201				220,100		001,07
Nonspendable:										
Advances to other funds		1,100,000		_		_		_		1,100,000
Prepaid items		205,154		_		_		_		205,154
Restricted:		, ,								,
Flood recovery		999,544		-		_		-		999,54
Highways and streets		-		_		-		1,090,426		1,090,420
Affordable housing		_		_		_		208,277		208,277
Pension and OPEB		1,861,555		_		_		, -		1,861,555
Other		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		_		_		293,873		293,873
Total restricted		2,861,099		_		_		1,592,576		4,453,675
Committed:		_,,,,,,,,,						_,_,_,_,		-,,
Street projects		_		_		_		417,314		417,314
Assigned:								,		,
		860 451								860.451
Buildings, facilities, and infrastructure Equipment, technology, and vehicles		860,451 643,216		-		-		-		860,451 643,216
Pension and OPEB		1,200,046		-		-		-		1,200,046
Total assigned		2,703,713		-				-		2,703,713
9				(0(0.051)		(EO 750)		(FC 04C)		
Unassigned		4,796,525		(369,251)		(50,752)		(56,946)		4,319,570
Total fund balances		11,666,491		(369,251)		(50,752)		1,952,944		13,199,432
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	12,749,411	\$	369,251	\$	144,702	\$	2,357,412	\$	15,620,776

City of Sebastopol

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 13,199,432
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities were not current financial resources. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The capital assets were adjusted as follows:	
Non-depreciable Depreciable, net	\$ 7,715,206 7,139,421
Total capital assets	14,854,627
Unavailable revenue recorded in the fund financial statements resulting from activities in which revenues were earned but funds were not available are reclassified as revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.	602,223
Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	(9,145)
Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as employee benefits, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal service funds were included in governmental activities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.	1,051
In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, employer contributions made for pension and OPEB subsequent to the measurement date, certain differences between actuarial amounts and actual results for pension are deferred and are applied to the net pension and OPEB liabilities or amortized in future periods, however these items do not impact the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet:	
Deferred outflows of resources - pension Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - pension Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	5,086,256 216,812 (507,402) (332,428)
Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	
Compensated absences - due within one year Long term debt - due within one year Compensated absences - due in more than one year Long term debt - due in more than one year Total OPEB liability - due within one year Total OPEB liability - due in more than one year Net pension liability	(750,000) (208,839) (414,940) (1,154,771) (91,634) (1,630,675) (13,369,294)
Total long-term liabilities	(17,620,153)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 15,491,273

City of Sebastopol

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2024

			Major Funds			
			Transportation		Non-Major	Total
			Grants Special	General Capital	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Fund	Revenue Fund	Project Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES:						
Property taxes	\$ 3,4	180,412	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 127,807	\$ 3,608,219
Sales and use taxes	4,0	626,788	-	-	192,383	4,819,171
Transient occupancy tax	Į	519,452	-	-	-	519,452
Utility users tax	8	363,179	-	-	-	863,179
Franchise fees	4	189,591	-	-	-	489,591
Licenses and permits	į	515,073	-	-	7,300	522,373
Fines and forfeitures		34,665	-	-	-	34,665
Intergovernmental	4	198,947	1,276,452	-	828,867	2,604,266
Interest and rents	4	168,631	-	-	79,257	547,888
Charges for services		191,209	-	-	66,462	257,671
Miscellaneous		101,715	-	-	750	102,465
Total revenues	11,7	789,662	1,276,452	-	1,302,826	14,368,940
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	2,8	38,961	-	-	133,726	2,972,687
Public safety	5,9	987,388	-	-	-	5,987,388
Parks and recreation	Ģ	978,798	-	-	618	979,416
Public works	8	307,848	894	-	296,036	1,104,778
Capital outlay	į	549,126	-	3,199,335	-	3,748,461
Debt service:						
Principal	2	267,938	-	-	129,328	397,266
Interest		32,468	-	-	817	33,285
Total expenditures	11,4	162,527	894	3,199,335	560,525	15,223,281
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3	327,135	1,275,558	(3,199,335)	742,301	(854,341)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	3	328,982	-	3,154,270	62,048	3,545,300
Transfers out	(9	960,764)	(1,644,809)	-	(869,750)	(3,475,323)
Total other financing sources (uses)	((631,782)	(1,644,809)	3,154,270	(807,702)	69,977
Net change in fund balances	(3	304,647)	(369,251)	(45,065)	(65,401)	(784,364)
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of year	11,9	971,138	-	(5,687)	2,018,345	13,983,796
End of year	\$ 11,6	666,491	\$ (369,251)	\$ (50,752)	\$ 1,952,944	\$ 13,199,432

City of Sebastopol

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (784,364)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets was allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This was the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.	3,743,590
Depreciation expense on capital assets was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but they did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense was not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(921,046)
Employer contributions for pension paid after the measurement date were recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, in the Government-Wide Financial Statements these contributions are deferred.	1,344,476
Employer contributions for OPEB paid after the measurement date were recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, in the Government-Wide Financial Statements these contributions are deferred.	91,634
OPEB expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	369,337
Long-term debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
- Principal repayments on long-term liabilities	397,266
Accruals of compensated absences are not recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds, as they do not require the use of current financial resources. Instead, governmental funds report the usage of accumulated compensated absences as expenditures. This amount represents the change in compensated absence leave balances during the year.	(130,438)
Revenues that are not considered to be available are reported as unavailable revenues in the governmental funds, however, these amounts are recognized in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities. This amount represents the change in unavailable revenues.	222,247
Pension (expense) income is recorded as incurred in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, however pension expense does not required the use of current financial resources, and is not recognized in the governmental funds.	(2,001,615)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,331,087

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PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Water Service Fund accounts for the activities associated with providing water services.

Wastewater Fund accounts for the wastewater treatment plant and wastewater pumping stations and collection systems.

City of Sebastopol Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

	E	ls	Insurance and Benefits	
	Water	Wastewater	Total	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS				
Current assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaids	\$ 718,743 306,730 3,596 168,592	\$ 301,144 406,948 - 119,888	\$ 1,019,887 713,678 3,596 288,480	\$ 293,975 - - -
Total current assets	1,197,661	827,980	2,025,641	293,975
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Non-depreciable Depreciable, net	2,329,449 4,095,829	1,619,993 2,177,194	3,949,442 6,273,023	_
Total capital assets	6,425,278	3,797,187	10,222,465	<u>-</u>
Total noncurrent assets	6,425,278	3,797,187	10,222,465	
Total assets	7,622,939	4,625,167	12,248,106	293,975
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	575,738	546,951	1,122,689	
Total deferred outflows of resources	575,738	546,951	1,122,689	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued interest payable Deposits payable Unearned revenues Compensated absences, due within one year Long term debt, due within one year	161,942 2,879 7,490 165 2,000 267,853	101,338 2,565 50,000 2,000 151,680	263,280 5,444 7,490 50,165 4,000 419,533	292,924
Total current liabilities	442,329	307,583	749,912	292,924
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences, due in more than one year Advances from other funds Long term debt, due in more than one year Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	22,525 - 2,657,744 1,518,122 4,198,391	34,788 1,100,000 1,323,785 1,442,216 3,900,789	57,313 1,100,000 3,981,529 2,960,338 8,099,180	
	4,640,720	4,208,372	8,849,092	292,924
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	OF 000	04 44	4 /8 = 6	
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	85,908	81,612	167,520	
Total deferred inflows of resources	85,908	81,612	167,520	-
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	3,499,681 (27,632)	2,321,722 (1,439,588)	5,821,403 (1,467,220)	1,051
Total net position	\$ 3,472,049	\$ 882,134	\$ 4,354,183	\$ 1,051

City of Sebastopol Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	E	Insurance and		
	Water	Wastewater	Total	Benefits Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Charges for services Other revenues	\$ 2,277,631 155,908	\$ 2,838,072 32,552	\$ 5,115,703 188,460	\$ 1,363,065
Total operating revenues	2,433,539	2,870,624	5,304,163	1,363,065
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Personnel services Interfund charges for services Contractual and other services Intergovernmental treatment costs Utilities Supplies Insurance, claims, and expenses Depreciation	559,642 1,261,494 370,869 - 203,566 135,827 90,730 244,761	494,737 1,041,462 125,103 1,952,842 63,567 29,942 68,625 459,696	1,054,379 2,302,956 495,972 1,952,842 267,133 165,769 159,355 704,457	- - - - - 1,363,065
Total operating expenses	2,866,889	4,235,974	7,102,863	1,363,065
OPERATING INCOME	(433,350)	(1,365,350)	(1,798,700)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Interest expense Interest and investment revenue	(56,599) 66,060	(33,182) 32,619	(89,781) 98,679	- -
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	9,461	(563)	8,898	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(423,889)	(1,365,913)	(1,789,802)	-
Transfers out	(64,540)	(5,437)	(69,977)	
Total transfers	(64,540)	(5,437)	(69,977)	
Change in net position	(488,429)	(1,371,350)	(1,859,779)	-
NET POSITION				
Beginning of year	\$ 3,960,478	\$ 2,253,484	\$ 6,213,962	\$ 1,051
End of year	\$ 3,472,049	\$ 882,134	\$ 4,354,183	\$ 1,051

City of Sebastopol Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2024

		Enterprise Funds				Insurance and		
	Maton		147			Total	Benefit Internal Service Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		Water		astewater		Total	Sei	rvice Fund
Cash received from customers	\$	2,438,479	\$	3,005,578	\$	5,444,057	\$	_
Cash payments from other funds	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,363,530
Cash received from others		155,908		32,552		188,460		-
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(795,015)		(2,285,516)		(3,080,531)		(782,189)
Cash payments to other funds for services		(1,261,494)		(1,041,462)		(2,302,956)		-
Cash paid to employees		(479,209)		(416,816)		(896,025)		-
Net cash (used in) operating activities		58,669		(705,664)		(646,995)		581,341
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		<u> </u>						
Loans from other funds		-		1,100,000		1,100,000		-
Loans repaid to other funds		-		-		-		(287,366)
Transfers out		(64,540)		(5,437)		(69,977)		_
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(64,540)		1,094,563		1,030,023		(287,366)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	 S:	(* 2/2 2 0)		_, _, _, _, _,				(_0.,000)
		(030.406)		(780 706)		(1 720 112)		
Acquisition of capital assets		(930,406)		(789,706)		(1,720,112)		-
Long-term debt repayment		(261,527)		(153,304)		(414,831)		-
Interest paid and fiscal charges		(56,599)		(33,182)		(89,781)		-
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities		(1,248,532)		(976,192)		(2,224,724)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Investment income received Theft of investment funds		68,159 -		35,188 -		103,347		-
Net cash provided by investing activities		68,159		35,188		103,347		-
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(1,186,244)		(552,105)		(1,738,349)		293,975
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year		1,904,987		853,249		2,758,236		_
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of year	\$	718,743	\$	301,144	\$	1,019,887	\$	293,975
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Operating income	\$	(433,350)	\$	(1,365,350)	\$	(1,798,700)	\$	-
Adjustments to reconcile operating income								
to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation		244,761		459,696		704,457		-
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
Accounts receivable		161,848		167,506		329,354		465
Prepaids		-		-		-		549,491
Deferred outflows - pension		16,361		15,543		31,904		-
Accounts payable		5,977		(45,437)		(39,460)		31,385
Deposits payable		(1,000)		-		(1,000)		-
Compensated absences		2,746		4,119		6,865		-
Net pension liability		86,752		82,415		169,167		-
Deferred inflows - pension		(25,426)		(24,156)		(49,582)		-
Total adjustments		492,019		659,686		1,151,705		581,341
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	58,669	\$	(705,664)	\$	(646,995)	\$	581,341

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Sebastopol, California, (City) have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Sebastopol is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five member City Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The City of Sebastopol has no component units.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity with its own self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses. These funds are established for the purpose of carrying out specific activities or certain objectives in accordance with specific regulations, restrictions or limitations. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-Wide Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, other taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government.

The <u>Transportation Grants Special Revenue Fund</u> accounts for the revenues and expenditures of transportation grant funds that are restricted to be used for transportation projects.

The <u>General Capital Projects Fund</u> accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

The City reports the following proprietary funds as major:

The <u>Water Fund</u> accounts for the operations of the City's water treatment and distribution system.

The <u>Wastewater Fund</u> accounts for the operations of the City's wastewater treatment and distribution system.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water and wastewater function and other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers for services, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation, Continued

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The City is authorized to invest in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund, the Sonoma County Treasurer's Pool, U.S. Treasury bonds, bills, and notes, obligations issued by US Government agencies, bankers acceptances, repurchase agreements, certain money market and mutual funds, time deposits and savings and demand accounts. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Fair Value Measurements - The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City has no significant separately held investments and its funds are invested primarily in the Sonoma County Treasurer's Investment Pool.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all pooled cash and investments (consisting of cash and investments and restricted cash and investments) held by the City as cash and cash equivalents because the pool is used essentially as a demand deposit account from the standpoint of the funds. The City also considers all non-pooled cash and investments (consisting of cash with fiscal agent and restricted cash and investments held by fiscal agent) as cash and cash equivalents because investments meet the criteria for cash equivalents defined above.

E. Receivables and Payables

All trade and property tax receivables are not shown net of an allowance for uncollectable.

Property taxes are levied as of March 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. State statutes provide that the property tax rate be limited generally to one percent of fair value, be levied by only the County, and be shared by applicable jurisdictions. The County of Sonoma collects the taxes and distributes them to taxing jurisdictions on the basis of assessed valuations subject to voter -approved debt. Property taxes are due on November 1 and March 1, and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10. The City receives property taxes pursuant to an arrangement with the County known as the "Teeter Plan". Under the plan, the County assumes responsibility for the collection of delinquent taxes and pays the full allocation to the City. The City recognizes property tax revenues in the fiscal year in which they are due to the City.

F. Interfund Balances/Internal Balances

Advances to and advances from other funds represent interfund loans in the fund financial statements. Advances between funds are offset by a non-spendable fund balance classification in the applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available financial resources.

All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to and due from other funds. These are generally repaid within the following fiscal year.

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements as "internal balances."

G. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when used or consumed. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The City uses the consumption method of accounting for prepaid items.

H. Leases - Lessor

The City is a lessor for a noncancellable lease of land. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental-type or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$ 1,000 (\$50,000 for infrastructure type assets) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed.

Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Under the GASB 34 Implementation Rules, the City is a Phase 3 entity and was not required to record infrastructure assets existing or acquired prior to July 1, 2003 at the date these new financial reporting standards were implemented; and the City has not recorded such assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of the business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Depreciation has been provided on a straight-line basis over the following useful lives:

	Years
Public domain infrastructure	50
Buildings and structures	40
System infrastructure	15-40
Vehicles and equipment	5-15

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

K. Compensated Absences

It is the government policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is a liability for a portion of unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does have a policy to pay certain amounts when employees separate from service with the City. All vacation pay and applicable sick leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

L. Unearned Revenue

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, unearned revenue is recorded for transactions for which revenues have not been earned. In the Fund Financial Statements, unearned revenue is recorded when transactions have not yet met the revenue recognition criteria based on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

M. Long-Term Liabilities

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements, long-term debt and other financed obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount.

In the Fund Financial Statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures.

N. Net Position and Fund Equity

Government-Wide Financial Statements

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> - This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – This amount is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

N. Net Position and Fund Equity, Continued

Fund Financial Statements

In the Fund Financial Statements, the following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

<u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> – This includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or legally or contractually required to remain intact.

<u>Restricted fund balance</u> – This includes amounts with constraints placed on their use by those external to the City, including creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments. It also includes constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> – This includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by formal action of the City Council and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.

<u>Assigned fund balance</u> – This includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision making or by a body or an official designated for that purpose.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> – This is the residual classification that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. In other governmental funds other than the General Fund, if expenditures are incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned for those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

The City Council establishes, modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments and assignments by action, which includes passage of a resolution adopting the budget and appropriating revenue for the fiscal year.

O. Net Position and Fund Equity Flow Assumptions

Government-Wide Financial Statements

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

Fund Financial Statements

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City's policy is to apply restricted funds first. Committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are considered unrestricted. When an expenditure is incurred, if committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed.

P. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

Q. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

R. Other Post Employment Health Care Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2023 Measurement Date June 30, 2023

Measurement Period July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023

S. New Accounting Pronouncements

In 2024, the City adopted the new accounting standards to conform to the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements:

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. This main purpose of this Statement is to strengthen accounting and financial reporting standards with respect to accounting changes and corrections of errors. The statement provides detailed descriptions (1) changes in accounting principles; (2) changes in accounting estimates; (3) changes in reporting entity. Those changes need to disclose the nature and reasons in the financial statements to ensure the better transparency and consistency in financial reporting.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments are reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Government-Wide Statement of Net Position									
	Governmental Activities			siness-Type Activities		Total				
Cash and investments	\$	9,915,942	\$	1,019,887	\$	10,935,829				
Restricted cash and investments		1,861,555				1,861,555				
Total cash and investments	\$	11,777,497	\$	1,019,887	\$	12,797,384				

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2024 consist of the following:

Deposits:							
Cash on hand	\$	500					
Deposits with financial institution		1,459,726					
Total cash on hand and deposits	1,	,460,226					
Investments							
County of Sonoma investment pool		67,956					
Local Agency Investment Pool (LAIF)	1,	,767,961					
Certificates of deposit	3	,901,439					
Money market	1,	,054,464					
U.S. Treasury securities	1,	,435,119					
U.S. government bonds	1	,248,664					
Total investments	9	,475,603					
Total City Treasury	10,935,829						
Restricted cash and investments:							
Section 115 trust for pension	1,861,555						
Total restricted cash and investments	1,	,861,555					
Total cash and investments	\$ 12	,797,384					

City of Sebastopol Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2024

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

B. Cash Deposits

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the City's cash and cash equivalents were comprised of the general checking account, which had a book balance of \$1,459,726 and petty cash of \$500. The bank balance in the City's general checking was \$1,882,199, fully insured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name as discussed below. The difference between the bank balance and the carrying amount represents outstanding checks and deposits in transit.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name. The fair value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City's cash deposit was fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The remaining amount was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name.

C. Investments

The City is authorized by State statutes to invest in the following:

- * U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency Issues
- * Certificates of Deposit
- * California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)
- * Government Bonds and Notes
- Passbook Savings
- * Bankers Acceptances
- * Commercial Paper (Corporations)
- * Medium-Term Corporate Notes
- * Repurchase Agreements
- * Mutual Funds

D. Risk Disclosures

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, an investment with a longer maturity date has a greater sensitivity of its fair value to be subject to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with the City's investment policy, exposure to interest rate risk is mitigated by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

D. Risk Disclosures, Continued

Cash and investments, including cash with fiscal agents, held in the City by maturity date at June 30, 2024 are shown below:

			Investment Maturities (in years)					
			More than 1 Less than 1 year less than			lore than 1		
						r less than 5		
Investment Type	Fair Value		year		years			
Investments:						_		
County of Sonoma investment pool	\$	67,956	\$	67,956	\$	-		
Local Agency Investment Pool (LAIF)		1,767,961		1,767,961		-		
Certificates of deposit		3,901,439		1,213,894		2,687,545		
Money market		1,054,464		1,054,464		-		
U.S. Treasury securities		1,435,119		1,223,676		211,443		
U.S. government bonds		1,248,664		-		1,248,664		
Total	\$	9,475,603	\$	5,327,951	\$	4,147,652		

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Presented below is the June 30, 2024 rating which meets the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's Investment Policy, or debt agreements:

Investment Type	Fair Valu			Aaa
Investments:				
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	1,435,119	\$	1,435,119
U.S. government bonds		1,248,664		1,248,664
Total Investment subject to ratings		2,683,783	\$	2,683,783
Assets not subject to credit ratings:				
County of Sonoma investment pool		67,956		
Local Agency Investment Pool (LAIF)		1,767,961		
Certificates of deposit		3,901,439		
Money market		1,054,464		
Total investments	\$	9,475,603	<u>.</u>	

Concentration of Credit Risk: The investment policy of the City of Sebastopol contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. At June 30, 2024 the City did not have investments (other than in external investment pools) that represented 5% or more of the City's total investments.

D. Risk Disclosures, Continued

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counter party (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the City). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

E. Fair Value of Investments

GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, requires that the City's investments be carried at fair value instead of cost. If material, the City adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year-end and the effects of these adjustments are included in income for that fiscal year.

Investments (except for money market accounts, time deposits, and commercial paper) are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements, are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. Inputs are assumptions that market participants use when pricing an asset or liability. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, such as bond valued by a pricing service that uses matrix pricing, three-year option on exchange-traded shares, or valuation multiple; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City's investment in Sonoma County's investment pool and money market were not subject to the levelling disclosure.

E. Fair Value of Investments, Continued

Investment fair value measurements at June 30, 2024 are described below:

			Fair Value Measurement Using				ng	
Investment Type	Fair Value		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
Certificates of deposit	\$	3,901,439	\$	-	\$	3,901,439	\$	-
U.S. Treasury securities		1,435,119		-		1,435,119		-
U.S. government bonds		1,248,664		-		1,248,664		
Total investments subject to levelling		6,585,222	\$		\$	6,585,222	\$	
Assets not subject to fair value levelling:								
Money market		1,054,464						
County of Sonoma investment pool		67,956						
Local Agency Investment Pool (LAIF)		1,767,961						
Total investments	\$	9,475,603						

F. Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents

Funds deposited with fiscal agents can be held in cash or invested in various securities. The fiscal agents can invest in securities as outlined in trust agreements, provided the investments are within the limits imposed by state statutes. These investments include federal securities, investment agreements, interest-bearing demand or time deposits, commercial paper rated "AA-" or better by Moody's, and money market mutual funds which are rated in the highest category by Moody's. At June 30, 2024, cash and investments with fiscal agents totaled \$1,861,555.

G. County of Sonoma Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the County of Sonoma Investment Pool (County Pool) regulated by the County's Investment Policy under the oversight of the Treasury of the County. The County does provide the City with a fair value factor, and the City's fair value of its position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

H. Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The balance is available for withdrawal on demand.

H. Investment in State Investment Pool, Continued

The City's investment with LAIF at June 30, 2024 includes a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. These investments include the following:

<u>Structured Notes</u> are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u>, the bulk of which are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as collateralized mortgage obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2024, the City had \$1,767,961 invested in LAIF, which had invested 3.00% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities as compared to 2.78% in the previous year.

3. LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

At June 30, 2024, the City had the following loans and notes receivable:

Party to Loan	Purpose of Loan	Amount		
Governmental Activities:				
Individual property owners	Solar power equipment installation loans	\$ 181,542		

The solar equipment installation loans are repayable in equal bi-monthly installments over a period of about 32 years by the homeowners, and repayments are made through the City's enterprise utility billing and collection system.

4. LEASE RECEIVABLE

The City reports lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources for the leasing of attachment space for cellular communications. In fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized \$37,102 in revenues for applicable leases.

<u>City Cell Tower</u> – The City entered into an agreement with a telecommunications company in 2001 to lease space on a tower. The lease term is 30 years, made up of an initial 15-year term plus three 5-year options. The City considers each optional term to likely be exercised by the lessee. The monthly payments are \$3,413. The City used an annual incremental borrowing rate of 1.77%. The lease receivable as of June 30, 2024 was \$266,457, and related deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2024 was \$259,651.

4. LEASES RECEIVABLE, Continued

Future minimum rental payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Р	rincipal		Total			
Julie 307		тистрит	 nterest	-	Total		
2025	\$	36,538	\$ 4,421		\$ 40,959		
2026		37,190	3,769		40,959		
2027		37,853	3,106		40,959		
2028		38,529	2,430		40,959		
2029		39,216	1,742		40,958		
2030-2031		77,131	 1,373	_	78,504		
Total	\$	266,457	\$ 16,841	_	\$283,298		
Current	\$	36,538	\$ 4,421		\$ 40,959		
Noncurrent		229,919	 12,420	_	242,339		
Total	\$	266,457	\$ 16,841	_	\$ 283,298		

5. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Due To and Due From

At June 30, 2024, the City had the following short-term interfund receivables and payables:

	Due From Other Funds										
Due to Other Funds	Ger	neral Fund	Non-	major funds	Total						
Transportation Grants	\$	369,251	\$	-	\$	369,251					
Non-major funds		120,355		47,840		168,195					
Total	\$	489,606	\$	47,840	\$	537,446					

Amounts shown as due to and from other funds represent interfund balances that arise in the normal course of operation and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

B. Advance To and Advance From

During the fiscal year, the City's General Fund provided the City's Wastewater Enterprise Fund a loan of \$1,100,000 for operating activities. The loan is interest free and is to be repaid in full by June 30, 2032. The loan does not have a formal repayment schedule. The balance of the interfund loan is \$1,100,000 as of June 30, 2024.

5. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS, Continued

C. Interfund Transfers

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

				Trans	sfer In			
Transfer Out		General		neral Capital ojects Fund		n-Major t Funds		Total
	ф.		c r	060.764	ф		ተ	060.764
General Fund	\$	-	\$	960,764	\$	-	\$	960,764
Transportation Grants		-		1,644,809		-		1,644,809
Non-Major Govt'l Funds		321,053		548,697		-		869,750
Total Governmental		321,053		3,154,270		-		3,475,323
Water		2,492		-		62,048		64,540
Wastewater		5,437		-		-		5,437
Total Enterprise		7,929		-		62,048		69,977
Total Transfers out	\$	328,982	\$	3,154,270	\$	62,048	\$	3,545,300

Transfers represent funding of various City operations, funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

At June 30, 2024, the City's capital assets consisted of the following:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Non-depreciable assets:			
Land and improvements	\$ 2,151,948	\$ 86,440	\$ 2,238,388
Construction in progress	5,563,258	3,863,002	9,426,260
Total non-depreciable assets	7,715,206	3,949,442	11,664,648
Depreciable assets:			
Buildings and structures	8,051,799	-	8,051,799
Machinery and equipment	2,884,019	240,178	3,124,197
Reservoirs	-	4,290,965	4,290,965
Pipelines and water distribution system	-	4,827,174	4,827,174
Pipelines and wastewater colletion system	-	8,966,956	8,966,956
Vehicles	3,139,449	1,025,747	4,165,196
Infrastructure	9,489,416		9,489,416
Total depreciable assets	23,564,683	19,351,020	42,915,703
Total accumulated depreciation	(16,425,262)	(13,077,997)	(29,503,259)
Total depreciable assets, net	7,139,421	6,273,023	13,412,444
Total	\$ 14,854,627	\$ 10,222,465	\$ 25,077,092

6. CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

B. Governmental Activities

The following is a summary of changes in governmental activity capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance	A 1 1	D. L. C	Adjustment/	Balance	
	July 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	Reclassification	June 30, 2024	
Non-depreciable assets:						
Land and improvements	\$ 2,151,948	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,151,948	
Construction in progress	2,686,884	3,204,236		(327,862)	5,563,258	
Total non-depreciable assets	4,838,832	3,204,236		(327,862)	7,715,206	
Depreciable assets:						
Buildings and structures	7,954,166	97,633	-	-	8,051,799	
Machinery and equipment	2,831,311	52,708	-	-	2,884,019	
Vehicles	2,750,436	389,013	-	-	3,139,449	
Infrastructure	9,161,554			327,862	9,489,416	
Total depreciable assets	22,697,467	539,354		327,862	23,564,683	
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and structures	(6,126,547)	(146,730)	-	-	(6,273,277)	
Machinery and equipment	(2,562,807)	(89,760)	-	-	(2,652,567)	
Vehicles	(1,933,484)	(211,704)	-	-	(2,145,188)	
Infrastructure	(4,881,378)	(472,852)			(5,354,230)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(15,504,216)	(921,046)			(16,425,262)	
Total depreciable assets, net	7,193,251	(381,692)		327,862	7,139,421	
Total governmental activities, net	\$ 12,032,083	\$ 2,822,544	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,854,627	

Governmental activities depreciation expense for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

General government	\$ 133,459
Public safety	229,202
Public works	414,548
Parks and recreation	 143,837
Total depreciation expense	\$ 921,046

6. CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

C. Business-Type Activities

The following is a summary of changes in business-type activity capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Retirements	Adjustment/ Reclassification	Balance June 30, 2024
Non-depreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 86,440	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 86,440
Construction in progress	3,321,416	1,720,112		(1,178,526)	3,863,002
Total non-depreciable assets	3,407,856	1,720,112		(1,178,526)	3,949,442
Depreciable assets:					
Reservoirs	4,290,965	-	-	-	4,290,965
Pipelines and water distribution system	4,241,289	-	-	585,885	4,827,174
Pipelines and wastewater collection system	8,374,315	-	-	592,641	8,966,956
Machinery and equipment	240,178	-	-	-	240,178
Vehicles	1,025,747				1,025,747
Total depreciable assets	18,172,494			1,178,526	19,351,020
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Reservoirs	(1,743,265)	(139,290)	-	-	(1,882,555)
Pipelines and water distribution system	(3,380,995)	(60,021)	-	-	(3,441,016)
Pipelines and wastewater collection system	(6,597,376)	(415,825)	-	-	(7,013,201)
Machinery and equipment	(45,315)	(17,000)	-	-	(62,315)
Vehicles	(606,589)	(72,321)			(678,910)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,373,540)	(704,457)			(13,077,997)
Total depreciable assets, net	5,798,954	(704,457)		1,178,526	6,273,023
Total capital assets	\$ 9,206,810	\$ 1,015,655	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,222,465

Business-type activities depreciation expense for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Water	\$ 244,761
Wastewater	459,696
Total depreciation expense	\$ 704,457

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Governmental Activities

The following is a summary of governmental activity long-term debt transactions during the year ended June 30, 2024:

	_	Balance ly 1, 2023	A	dditions		Re	tirements	_	Balance e 30, 2024	 ie Within Ine Year	Me	Oue in ore than ne Year
Lease-leaseback agreements												
Refunding lease 2021 - Truist	\$	257,053	\$		-	\$	(84,746)	\$	172,307	\$ 85,681	\$	86,626
Renewable energy		195,178			-		(195,178)		-	-		-
Mobile home park		258,008			-		(52,580)		205,428	55,186		150,242
Finance purchase agreements												
Energy conservation measures		1,050,637					(64,762)		985,875	67,972		917,903
Total	\$ 1	1,760,876	\$		-	\$	(397,266)	\$	1,363,610	\$ 208,839	\$ 1	,154,771

Lease-leaseback Agreement - Refunding Lease 2021 - Truist Bank

In the 2006 fiscal year, the city entered into a financing arrangement to obtain \$2,880,000 in funds for future capital projects. The general fund is responsible for paying debt service on the governmental activities portion of the lease obligation, which is about 41 percent of the total obligation. The water and wastewater enterprises are responsible for paying the other 59 percent of the obligation. In fiscal year 2021, the City entered into a lease agreement with Truist Bank to refund the 2006 lease obligation. The agreement was for \$1,139,952, bears interest at 1.10 percent on the basis of a 360-day year, is repayable in annual installments of \$211,550, and matures in 2026. The City has pledged the Fire Station as collateral for the refunding lease agreement.

The annual debt service requirements for governmental activities (41%) are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Р	rincipal	Ir	nterest	Total
2025 2026	\$	85,681 86,626	\$	1,660 715	\$ 87,341 87,341
Total	\$	172,307	\$	2,375	\$174,682

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

Lease-leaseback Agreements - Mobile Home Park

The City entered into a similar lease financing arrangement with the Municipal Finance Corporation for the purpose of obtaining partial financing for the purchase of an existing mobile home park as part of an open space program of the City. The lease was for \$817,500 and it also is payable from any source of legally available funds.

The annual debt service requirements are as follows

Year Ending								
June 30,	P	rincipal	I	nterest		Total		
2025	\$	55,186	\$	9,698	\$	64,884		
2026		57,925		6,659		64,584		
2027		60,797		3,787		64,584		
2028		31,520		772		32,292		
Total	\$	205,428	\$	20,916	9	\$226,344		

Finance Purchase Agreement - Energy Conservation Measures

In fiscal year 2022, the City entered into an equipment purchase agreement with Signature Public Funding Group to acquire various equipment and improvements, consisting of primarily energy efficiency and conservation project, which includes equipment, design, build and installation work and various implementation measurement and verification services related to guaranteed energy savings. The total equipment cost and proceeds received from Signature Public Funding Corp totaled \$4,938,891. Annual debt service requirements of \$374,650 is due July 1st each year, commencing on July 1st, ,2022 and final payment due on July 1st, 2036. Annual interest charged on the financing agreement is 1.770%.

The annual debt service requirements for governmental activities (22.8%) are as follows:

Year Ending	D		,		Т-1-1
June 30,	P	rincipal		nterest	Total
2025	\$	67,972	\$	17,414	\$ 85,386
2026		69,175		16,211	85,386
2027		70,400		14,987	85,387
2028		71,646		13,741	85,387
2029		72,914		12,472	85,386
2030-2034		384,389		42,540	426,929
2035-2037		249,379		8,807	258,186
Total	\$	985,875	\$	126,172	\$1,112,047

B. Business-type Activities

The following is a summary of business-type activity long-term debt transactions during the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance	A 1100	D		Balance	Due Within	Due in More than
	July 1, 2023	Additions	K	etirements	June 30, 2024	One Year	One Year
Refunding loan 2021 - Truist	\$ 891,079	\$ -	\$	(66,021)	\$ 825,058	\$ 67,415	\$ 757,643
<u>Lease-leaseback agreements</u> Refunding lease 2021 - Truist	365,560	-		(120,519)	245,041	121,848	123,193
Finance purchase agreements							
Energy conservation measures	3,559,254	-		(228,291)	3,330,963	230,270	3,100,693
Total	\$4,815,893	\$ -	\$	(414,831)	\$ 4,401,062	\$419,533	\$3,981,529

Refunding Loan 2021 - Truist Bank

The City in fiscal 2015 entered into an installment sale agreement with Municipal Finance Corporation for obtaining financing to assist in the removal of arsenic from water well seven and its treatment system. The agreement was for \$1,200,000, bears interest at 4.10 percent on the basis of a 360 day year, is repayable in annual installments of \$89,082, and matures in 20 years. The installment agreement was a special obligation of the City repayable solely from the net revenues of its water system; and the City pledged its water system net revenues for this purpose and for any other parity obligations.

In fiscal year 2021, the City entered into a loan agreement with Truist Bank to refund the installment sale agreement. The agreement was for \$1,019,462, bears interest at 2.09 percent on the basis of a 360-day year, is repayable in annual installments of \$83,955, and matures in 2035. The loan agreement is a special obligation of the City repayable solely from the net revenues of its water system, and the City pledged its water system net revenues for this purpose and for any other parity obligations. The difference in debt service requirements between the installment sale agreement and the loan agreement was \$71,782 and resulted in an economic gain of \$67,445.

The loan agreement includes the following financial debt covenants:

Covenant Regarding Gross Revenues: The City shall collect rates, fees, and charges for services furnished by the Water Fund during each fiscal year to pay all maintenance and operation costs, loan repayments, and all principal and interest on any parity obligations, which are payable from net revenues, and all payments required to meet any other obligations of the City.

Covenant Regarding Net Revenues: The City shall collect rates, fees, and charges for services furnished by the Water Fund during each fiscal year, which are sufficient to yield net revenues equal to 120% of the loan repayments and any parity obligations which are payable from the net revenues.

B. Business-type Activities, Continued

Refunding Loan 2021 - Truist Bank, Continued

Gross revenues, net revenues, and total debt service for the Water Fund were \$2,499,599, (\$122,529), and \$318,126 respectively for fiscal year 2024. Net revenues were equal 0% of total debt service for the Water Fund for fiscal year 2024 that was below the required 120%. The City underwent a rate study to ensure compliance with the net revenues covenant in future years.

Refunding Loan 2021 - Truist Bank, Continued

The annual debt service requirements for the installment sale agreement are as follows:

Year Ending								
June 30,	_P	Principal		Interest		Total		
2025	\$	67,415	\$	16,539	\$	83,954		
2026		68,839		15,115		83,954		
2027		70,293		13,662		83,955		
2028		71,778		12,177		83,955		
2029		73,294		10,660		83,954		
2030-2034		390,353		29,419		419,772		
2035-2035		83,086		868		83,954		
Total	\$	825,058	\$	98,440	\$	923,498		

Refunding Lease 2021 - Truist Bank

In the 2006 fiscal year, the city entered into a financing arrangement to obtain \$2,880,000 in funds for future capital projects. The general fund was responsible for paying debt service on the governmental activities portion of the lease obligation, which is about 41 percent of the total obligation. The water and wastewater enterprises was responsible for paying the other 59 percent of the obligation.

In fiscal year 2021, the City entered into a lease agreement with Truist Bank to refund the 2006 lease obligation. The agreement was for \$1,139,952, bears interest at 1.10 percent on the basis of a 360-day year, is repayable in annual installments of \$211,550, and matures in 2026. The difference in debt service requirements between the 2006 lease obligation agreement and the refunding lease agreement was \$75,092 and resulted in an economic gain of \$71,126. The City has pledged the Fire Station as collateral for the refunding lease agreement. No deferred loss on refunding was reported as a result of the transaction, because the amount recognized was deemed to be trivial to the financial statements.

The annual debt service requirements for business-type activities (59%) are as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,	P	Principal		iterest	Total
2025 2026	\$	121,848 123,193	\$	2,360 1,015	\$ 124,208 124,208
Total	\$	245,041	\$	3,375	\$248,416

B. Business-type Activities, Continued

Finance Purchase Agreement - Energy Conservation Measures

In fiscal year 2022, the City entered into an equipment purchase agreement with Signature Public Funding Group to acquire various equipment and improvements, consisting of primarily energy efficiency and conservation projects, which includes equipment, design, build and installation work and various implementation measurement and verification services related to guaranteed energy savings. The total equipment cost and proceeds received from Signature Public Funding Corp totaled \$4,938,891. Annual debt service requirements of \$374,650 is due July 1st each year, commencing on July 1st, ,2022 and final payment due on July 1st, 2036. Annual interest charged on the financing agreement is 1.770%.

The annual debt service requirements for governmental activities (77.2%) are as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,	Principal		 Interest	Total	
2025	\$	230,270	\$ 58,994	\$ 2	289,264
2026		234,346	54,918	2	289,264
2027		238,494	50,770	2	289,264
2028		242,716	46,548	2	289,264
2029		247,010	42,25 3	2	289,263
2030-2034		1,302,199	144,116	1,4	446,315
2035-2037		835,928	 29,838	8	865,766
Total	\$	3,330,963	\$ 427,437	\$3,7	758,400

8. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is a liability for a portion of unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does have a policy to pay certain amounts when employees separate from service with the City.

A summary of changes in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Balance					Balance	Due Within	Due in Iore than
	July 1, 2023	Α	dditions	Re	etirements	June 30, 2024	ne Year	 ne Year
Governmental activities	\$ 1,034,502	\$	827,634	\$	(697,196)	\$ 1,164,940	\$ 750,000	\$ 414,940
Business-type activities	54,448		43,560		(36,695)	61,313	4,000	 57,313
Total	\$ 1,088,950	\$	871,194	\$	(733,891)	\$ 1,226,253	\$ 754,000	\$ 472,253

City of Sebastopol Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2024

9. OTHER FUND DISCLOSURES

A. Deficit Balances

At June 30, 2024, the funds below had the following deficit fund balance or net position. The deficit balance is caused by expenditures reported in the current year that will be reimbursed in subsequent years.

Major governmental Funds:

Transportation Grants Special Revenue	\$ 369,251
General Capital Project	\$ 50,752
Non-major governmental Funds:	
Park in Lieu	\$ 7,563

Park in Lieu \$ 7,563 Supplemental Planning Grant (SB2 & LEAP) \$ 19,823 Clean Renewable Energy Bonds \$ 29,560

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries insurance. The City, due to the costs of available coverage, participates as a member of the California Intergovernmental Risk Authority Joint Powers Authority (CIRA). CIRA provides joint protection programs for public entities covering automobile, general liability, errors and omissions, property and workers compensation claims. Under the program, the City has a \$5,000 retention limit similar to a deductible with the CIRA being responsible for losses above that amount up to \$500,000 for liability losses, \$1,000,000 for workers compensation claims, and \$25,000 for property damage. The Fund carries purchased excess commercial liability insurance of \$39.5 million in excess of its \$500,000 limit, and a commercial property policy for \$300 million. Financial information pertaining to CIRA can be obtained from its administrative offices at 414 W. Napa Street, Sonoma, California 95476.

Liabilities of the City are reported in the statement of net position when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs), and other economic and social factors. The City's only exposure to claim liabilities would be for losses, if any, not covered by CIRA.

There have been no significant changes in insurance coverages in fiscal 2024. Settlements have not exceeded coverage for each of the past three fiscal years. The City has no significant uninsured claim liabilities at June 30, 2024.

11. PENSION PLANS

A. Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other.) Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous risk pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City sponsors two miscellaneous rate plans and four safety rate plans. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

B. Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employee's Retirement Law.

B. Benefits Provided, Continued

The rate plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2024 are summarized as follows:

	Miscel	Safety	
	Miscellaneous PEPRA Miscellaneous		Safety Fire
Hire date	Prior to January 1,	On or after	Prior to January 1
	2013	January 1, 2013	2013
Benefit formula	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62	3% @ 50
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 55	50 - 55
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.5%	2.0% to 2.5%	2.0%
Required employee contribution rates	7.000%	6.750%	9.000%
Required employer contribution rates	12.470%	7.680%	25.650%
Required unfunded liability payment	\$ 482,526	\$ -	\$ 74,364

	Safety					
	Cafa	try Dolino]	PEPRA		PEPRA
	Safety Police		Sa	Safety Fire		ety Police
	Prior to	January 1	Or	or after	O	n or after
Hire date - Fire	2	2013	Janu	ary 1, 2013	Janu	ary 1, 2013
Benefit formula	3%	% @ 50	2.	7% @ 57	2.	.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 yea	rs service	5 ye	ars service	5 ye	ars service
Benefit payments	montl	nly for life	mon	thly for life	mon	thly for life
Retirement age	5	0 - 55		50 - 57		50 - 57
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation		2.0%	2.0	% to 2.7%	2.0	% to 2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9.	.000%		N/A	1	2.000%
Required employer contribution rates	25	.650%	1	3.540%	1	3.540%
Required unfunded liability payment	\$	529,310	\$	1,144	\$	-

Contributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an actuarial basis, annually and is effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate pension liabilities for governmental funds.

The City's contributions to the Plan for the measurement period ended June 30, 2023 were \$1,763,271. The City's contributions to the Plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 were \$1,657,901.

C. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2024, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan of \$16,329,632.

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the total net pension liability of the Plan. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using standard update procedures. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's plan liability and asset-related information where available, and proportional allocations of individual plan amounts as of the valuation date where not available.

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of measurement dates June 30, 2022 and 2023 were as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2022	0.13442%
Proportion - June 30, 2023	0.13090%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.00352%

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized pension income of \$2,466,526. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to				
measurement date	\$	1,657,901	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		968,300		-
Differences between expected and				
actual experience		1,029,374		115,080
Changes in employer's proportion		-		349,148
Differences between the employer's contribution and the employer's proportionate share of contributions Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		128,449 2,424,921		210,694
Total	\$	6,208,945	\$	674,922

C. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued

\$1,657,901 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30:	
2025	\$ 1,128,124
2026	793,056
2027	1,886,297
2028	68,645

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost
	Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.90%
Inflation	2.30%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by entry age and
	service
Investment Rate of Return (1)	6.90%
Mortality	Derived by CalPERS
-	membership data for all
	funds

⁽¹⁾ Net of pension plan investment expenses.

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. Further details of the December 2017 Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website www.calpers.ca.gov.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90% for the Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the Plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 6.90 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 6.90 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

C. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	New	
	Strategic	
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Return ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
Global Equity - Non-Cap-Weighted	30.00%	4.45%
Global Equity - Cap-Weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortgage-Backed Securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00%	1.56%
High Yield	5.00%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.48%
Private Debt	5.00%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.00%	3.21%
Leverage	-5.00%	-0.59%
Total	100.00%	

⁽¹⁾ An expected inflation of 2.3% used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease	5.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 23,858,227
Current Discount Rate	6.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 16,329,632
1% Increase	7.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 10.152.993

⁽¹⁾ Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Management Study.

City of Sebastopol Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2024

11. PENSION PLANS, Continued

C. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2024, the City reported no payable for outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024.

12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

A. Plan Description

The City administers the City's retired employees' healthcare plan, a single employer defined benefit health care plan. The plan provides medical benefits to eligible retired employees and their beneficiaries. City resolutions and agreements assign the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the City. A separate OPEB trust account has not been established by the City for the Plan.

B. Employees Covered

As of the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the Retiree Health Plan:

Active employees	44
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	<u>23</u>
Total	67

C. Contribution

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City. The required contribution is based on a projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with additional amounts to prefund benefits determined annually by the City Council. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2023, the City contributed \$91,957 of current year premiums (100% of total premiums) and zero to prefund benefits. Plan members receiving benefits contributed no amounts to the total premiums. The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate OPEB liabilities for governmental funds.

12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS, Continued

D. Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2023 actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2023
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Entry-Age Normal Cost Method

Discount Rate3.86%Inflation2.30%Salary Increases2.80%

Mortality⁽¹⁾ Derived by CalPERS membership data for all funds

Healthcare cost trend rates: 4.20% to 7.40%

E. Change of Assumption

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was changed from 4.09% to 3.86% for measurement period ended June 30, 2023.

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.86%. The City's OPEB Plan is an unfunded plan, therefore the discount rate was set to the rate of tax-exempt, high quality 20-year municipal bonds, as of the measurement date.

G. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the total OPEB liability for the OPEB Plan are as follows:

	Total OPEB		
	Liability		
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	1,711,562	
Changes in the year:			
Service cost		14,299	
Interest on the total OPEB liability		68,708	
Differences between actual and expected	(55,023)		
experience		(33,023)	
Changes in assumptions		74,720	
Benefits paid to retirees	(91,957)		
Net changes		10,747	
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	1,722,309	

⁽¹⁾ Pre-retirement mortality information was derived from data collected during 1997 to 2015 CalPERS Experience Study dated December 2017 and post-retirement mortality information was derived from the 2007 to 2015 CalPERS Experience Study. The Experience Study Reports may be accessed on the CalPERS website www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS, Continued

H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2023:

1% Decrease Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,904,741
Current Discount Rate Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,722,309
1% Increase Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,566,949

I. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2023:

1% Decrease -	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,658,190
Current Rate -	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,722,309
40/ 7	
1% Increase -	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,797,060

J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB income of \$369,337. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred		
	Outflows of		In	ıflows of	
	Re	esources	Resources		
OPEB contributions subsequent to		_			
measurement date	\$	91,634	\$	-	
Differences between expected and					
actual experience		-		281,913	
Changes of assumptions		125,178		50,515	
Total	\$	216,812	\$	332,428	

12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS, Continued

J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources Related to OPEB, Continued

The \$91,634 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2023 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Total OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30:	
2025	\$ (52,635)
2026	(52,635)
2027	(52,630)
2028	(35,798)
2029	(19,665)
Thereafter	6,113

13. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS AND OPERATING AGREEMENTS

Jointly governed organizations are legal entities or other organizations that result from a contractual arrangement and that are owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control in which the participants retain an ongoing financial interest or ongoing financial responsibility. The City is a participant in the following organizations other than the insurance authority described in the preceding notes. The City is a party to the following agreement:

Santa Rosa Subregional Wastewater System - The City has an agreement with System for the treatment of wastewater as the City does not own or operate its own wastewater treatment plant. The City's obligations under the agreement are to pay to the System its share of the costs of operating the system and treatment of wastewater. The City records these payments as operating expenses in its wastewater enterprise fund.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all government funds. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City manager may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers between departments and other changes require City Council approval. The legal level of control is the department and fund level. The Council made supplemental appropriations during the fiscal year. Encumbrance accounting is not employed in governmental funds.

The following is the budget comparison schedule for the General Fund

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING, Continued

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

Budgetary Comparison ochedule	<u>Scheral Fund</u>					Variance with Final Budget
		Budget A	Amoun		Actual	Positive
		riginal		Final	 Amounts	 (Negative)
REVENUES:						
Taxes: Property Real property transfer Transient occupancy tax Sales and use Utility users tax	\$	3,241,600 50,000 500,000 4,794,560 902,000	\$	3,241,600 50,000 500,000 4,794,560 902,000	\$ 3,443,906 36,506 519,452 4,626,788 863,179	\$ 202,306 (13,494) 19,452 (167,772) (38,821)
Franchises		410,000		410,000	489,591	79,591
Subtotal		9,898,160		9,898,160	9,979,422	81,262
Licenses, permits and fees: Business licenses Animal licenses Building permits Subtotal		142,500 14,000 300,000 456,500		142,500 14,000 300,000 456,500	154,572 11,600 348,900 515,072	12,072 (2,400) 48,900 58,572
Fines, forfeitures and penalties:					/	
Vehicle code Parking fines		15,000 11,000		15,000 11,000	13,906 20,760	 (1,094) 9,760
Subtotal		26,000		26,000	34,666	 8,666
Interest and rentals: Investment earnings Rent - cell tower Rent - other		48,520 41,200 4,800		48,520 41,200 4,800	417,434 45,594 5,603	368,914 4,394 803
Subtotal		94,520		94,520	468,631	 374,111
Intergovernmental: Reimbursements Other Subtotal		7,200 20,000 27,200		7,200 20,000 27,200	 21,584 477,363 498,947	 14,384 457,363 471,747
Subtotal Charges for current services:		27,200		27,200	 498,947	 4/1,/4/
Sales of publications Planning fees Encroachment permits Public works services Public safety services Fire inspection fees Other charges		500 25,000 30,000 1,500 26,500 30,000 50,600		500 25,000 30,000 1,500 26,500 30,000 50,600	26,457 38,128 9,965 27,297 45,248 44,114	(500) 1,457 8,128 8,465 797 15,248 (6,486)
Subtotal		164,100		164,100	191,209	 27,109
Donations and miscellaneous: Sale of land/building Miscellaneous		10,000 141,000		10,000 141,000	 - 101,715	(10,000) (39,285)
Subtotal		151,000		151,000	101,715	(49,285)
Total revenues		10,817,480		10,817,480	11,789,662	972,182

Variance with

City of Sebastopol Required Supplementary Information For the year ended June 30, 2024

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING, Continued

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund, Continued

	Budget Amo	nunts	Actual	Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government:					
City Council	170,318	170,318	165,460	4,858	
City Manager	272,183	502,683	349,206	153,477	
City Attorney	593,621	593,621	707,440	(113,819)	
City Clerk	369,258	369,258	311,915	57,343	
Finance and accounting	397,920	397,920	369,901	28,019	
Planning	597,259	597,259	492,282	104,977	
Building inspection	204,581	204,581	177,334	27,247	
General government non-departmental	345,348	345,348	265,423	79,925	
Subtotal	2,950,488	3,180,988	2,838,961	342,027	
Public safety:					
Police protection	5,284,802	5,284,802	4,868,593	416,209	
Animal control	20,100	20,100	7,813	12,287	
Fire protection	1,052,512	1,356,312	1,099,623	256,689	
Fire emergency procedures	26,000	26,000	11,359	14,641	
Subtotal	6,383,414	6,687,214	5,987,388	699,826	
Public works:					
Corporation Yard	109,974	109,974	107,849	2,125	
Streets Maintenance	385,100	385,100	299,528	85,572	
Parking Lots Maintenance	150,103	150,103	144,509	5,594	
Engineering	288,087	288,087	255,962	32,125	
Subtotal	933,264	933,264	807,848	125,416	
Parks and recreation:					
Parks & Landscaping Maintenance	520,039	520,039	414,511	105,528	
Ives Pool	192,955	195,155	209,171	(14,016)	
Recreation administration and programs	392,402	392,402	355,116	37,286	
Subtotal	1,105,396	1,107,596	978,798	128,798	
Capital outlay	255,430	675,630	549,126	126,504	
Debt service:					
Principal	225,928	225,928	267,938	(42,010)	
Interest	39,975	39,975	32,468	7,507	
Subtotal	265,903	265,903	300,406	(34,503)	
Total expenditures	11,893,895	12,850,595	11,462,527	1,388,068	
DEVENIUS OVER (UNIDER)					
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,076,415)	(2,033,115)	327,135	2,360,250	
Z. I.	(1,0,0,110)	(=,555,115)	02,,100	2,000,200	

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING, Continued

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund, Continued

	Budget Amounts				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		202,000		202,000	328,982		126,982
Transfers out		(487,000)		(487,000)	(960,764)		(473,764)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(285,000)		(285,000)	(631,782)		(346,782)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,361,415)	\$	(2,318,115)	(304,647)	\$	2,013,468
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year					\$ 11,971,138		
End of year					\$ 11,666,491		

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING, Continued

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Transportation Grants Special Revenue Fund

	Budget	Amo	ounts		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final				legative)	
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	2,232,500	\$	1,276,452	\$	(956,048)	
Total revenues			2,232,500		1,276,452		(956,048)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Public works					894		(894)	
Total expenditures					894		(894)	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES			2,232,500		1,275,558		(956,942)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out			(2,232,500)		(1,644,809)		587,691	
Total other financing sources (uses)			(2,232,500)		(1,644,809)		587,691	
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$			(369,251)	\$	(369,251)	
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of the year								
End of year				\$	(369,251)			

2. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Last 10 Years

	2024	2023		2022		2021
Measurement date	6/30/2023		6/30/2022		6/30/2021	6/30/2020
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 16,329,632	\$	15,526,113	\$	8,665,009	\$ 13,864,877
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.13090%		0.13442%		0.16022%	0.12743%
Covered payroll	\$ 4,138,192	\$	4,318,106	\$	4,348,774	\$ 4,272,937
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	394.61%		359.56%		199.25%	324.48%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.21%		70.72%		88.29%	75.10%

Notes to Schedule

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.5% to 7.65% in fiscal year 2016, and then decreased from 7.65% to 7.15% in fiscal year 2018, and then decreased from 7.15% to 6.9% in fiscal year 2023.

The CalPERS mortality assumptions were adjusted in fiscal year 2019.

 2020	2019		2019		2019		2019		2019		2019		2019			2018	2017 2016			2016	2015		
 6/30/2019		6/30/2018		6/30/2017		6/30/2016		6/30/2015		6/30/2014													
\$ 13,028,541	\$	12,272,694	\$	12,460,116	\$	11,055,177	\$	8,978,404	\$	8,365,442													
0.12714%		0.12736%		0.12564%		0.12776%		0.13081%		0.13444%													
\$ 4,137,211	\$	3,956,662	\$	3,908,821	\$	3,816,628	\$	3,636,221	\$	3,289,261													
314.91%		310.18%	318.77%		289.66%		246.92%			254.33%													
75.26%		75.26%		73.31%		74.06%		78.40%		79.82%													

2. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, Continued

B. Schedule of Contributions - Last 10 Years

	2024			2023		2022		2021
Contractually required contribution	ф	4 (55 004	ф	4 5 4 2 2 5 4	Φ.	4 005 550		Ф1 «О« 44 2
(actuarially determined)	\$	1,657,901	\$	1,763,271	\$	1,827,570		\$1,686,413
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(1,657,901)		(1,763,271)		(1,827,570)		(1,686,413)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	4,807,478	\$	4,138,192	\$	4,318,106	\$	4,348,774
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		34.49%		42.61%		42.32%		38.78%
Notes to Schedule								
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribut	ion r	ates:						
Valuation date :	6/30/2021		6	5/30/2020	6	5/30/2019	6/30/2018	
Actuarial cost method:]	Entry Age	I	Entry Age	Entry Age		Entry Age	
Amortization method:		(1)		(1)	(1)		(1)	
Assets valuation method:	M	arket Value	Market Value		Market Value		Market Val	
Inflation:		2.50%		2.50%		2.50%		2.50%
Salary increases:		(2)		(2)		(2)		(2)
Investment rate of return:		7.00%		7.00%		7.00%		7.00%
Retirement age:		(3)		(3)		(3)		(3)
Mortality:		(4)		(4)		(4)		(4)

⁽¹⁾ Level percentage of payroll, closed

⁽²⁾ Depending on age, service, and type of employment

^{(3) 50} for all plans, with the exception of 52 for Miscellaneous PEPRA 2%@62

⁽⁴⁾ Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS Experience Study adopted by the CalPERS Board.

	2020 2019		2018		2017		2016	2015			
					_						
	\$1,530,553	\$1,343,860	\$1,187,535		\$1,099,458		\$920,324		\$796,771		
	(1,530,553)	(1,343,860)	(1,187,535)		(1,099,458)		(920,324)		(796,771)		
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ - \$ -		\$ -		-		
\$	4,272,937	\$ 4,137,211	\$ 3,956,662	\$	3,908,821	\$	3,816,628	\$	3,636,221		
	35.82%	32.48%	30.01%		28.13%		24.11%		21.91%		
(6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	(6/30/2014	6	/30/2013	6/30/2012			
	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age		Entry Age	I	Entry Age	Entry Age			
	(1)	(1)	(1)		(1)		(1)	(1)			
M	larket Value	Market Value	Market Value	M	arket Value	Ma	arket Value	15 Year			
									moothed		
								Mar	ket Method		
	2.63%	2.75%	2.75%		2.75%		2.75%		2.75%		
	(2)	(2)	(2)		(2)		(2)	(2)			
	7.25%	7.375%	7.50%		7.50%		7.50%	7.50%			
	(3)	(3)	(3)		(3)		(3)	(3)			
(4)		(4)	(4)		(4)		(4)		(4)		

3. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

A. Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Last 10 Years*

	2024		2023		2022			2021
Measurement Date		6/30/2023		6/30/2022		6/30/2021		/30/2020
Total OPEB Liability								
Service Cost	\$	14,299	\$	22,458	\$	27,917	\$	27,295
Interest on the total OPEB liability		68,708		47,335		72,014		73,479
Differences between expected and actual experience		(55,023)		(23,434)		(551,283)		-
Changes of assumptions		74,720		(425,755)		10,152		44,769
Benefit payments		(91,957)		(95,469)		(102,849)		(97,430)
Net change in total OPEB liability		10,747		(474,865)		(544,049)		48,113
Total OPEB Liability - beginning		1,711,562		2,186,427		2,730,476		2,682,363
Total OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$	1,722,309	\$	1,711,562	\$	2,186,427	\$	2,730,476
Covered-employee payroll**	\$	4,533,006	\$	4,299,547	\$	4,348,774	\$	4,272,937
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		37.99%		39.81%		50.28%		63.90%

Notes to Schedule

Fiduciary Net Position - There are currently no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P22.101 or P52.101 to pay related benefits for the OPEB plan.

Changes of assumptions (measurement period ended June 30,):

- 2023 Discount rate was changed to 3.86%.
- 2022 Discount rate was changed to 4.09%.
- 2021 Discount rate was changed to 2.19%.
- 2020 Discount rate was changed to 2.66%.
- 2019 Discount rate was changed to 2.79%. Mortality rates were updated based on CalPERS 2015 Experience Study.
 - 2018 Discount rate was changed to 2.98%.

^{*} Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable.

	2020		2019	2018					
6/30/2019		6	/30/2018	6/30/2017					
\$	56,412	\$	54,769	\$	58,870				
	89,484		90,545		81,308				
	(492,345)		-		-				
	75,694		57,987		(168,395)				
	(99,403)		(87,182)		(71,368)				
	(370,158)		116,119		(99,585)				
	3,052,521		2,936,402		3,035,987				
\$	2,682,363	\$	3,052,521	\$	2,936,402				
\$	4,137,211	\$	3,956,662	\$	3,982,276				
	64.84%		77.15%		73.74%				

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETED MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS OTHER THAN GENERAL FUND AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

General Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Capital Projects

	Budget 1 Original	Amo	ounts Final	 Actual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:						
Miscellaneous	\$ 	\$	-	\$ 	\$	
Total revenues				 		
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Capital outlay	 			 3,199,335		(3,199,335)
Total expenditures	 			 3,199,335		(3,199,335)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 			 (3,199,335)		(3,199,335)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	4,005,300		4,005,300	3,154,270		(851,030)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 4,005,300		4,005,300	 3,154,270		(851,030)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 4,005,300	\$	4,005,300	\$ (45,065)	\$	(4,050,365)
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of the year				 (5,687)		
End of year				\$ (50,752)		

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Police Grant Fund accounts for accounts for the revenues and expenditures of State and Federal grants such as State SLESF (Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Fund).

Gas Tax Fund accounts for funds from the State of California under the Street and Highway Code Sections 2103, 2105, 2106, 2107 and 2107.5. The use of funds is restricted to street related projects, which can include related public facilities for non-motorized traffic, e.g. bike and pedestrian paths.

Park in Lieu receives revenue from new residential and hotel development,to mitigate the impact of such new development on City park and recreation facilities. The use of revenues from the Fund is restricted to park and recreation capital improvements.

Traffic Impact was established to reduce the traffic impacts caused by new development within the City limits and certain public improvements (transportation system infrastructure) and revenue collected from these fees shall be used solely to pay for the City's future construction of facilities or services or reimburse the City for facilities constructed by the City with funds advanced by the City from other sources.

Street Lighting Assessment is established to receive special assessment district monies used for maintenance and or servicing of existing and future public lighting facilities, and the installation or construction of public lighting for the maintenance of servicing thereof, including grading, clearing, removal of debris, the installation of curbs and gutters, walls, sidewalks or paving or water, irrigation, drainage or electrical facilities.

Asset Forfeiture is used for specified police activities (excluding regular salary) from confiscated assets of convicted drug felons.

Downtown Association is used to account for revenues and expenditures for the Downtown Association District.

Art in Lieu accounts for developer contributions in lieu of installation of public art on project sites and income received from art programs and events to fund public artwork, cultural programs, maintenance/conservation, and administrative costs relating to the Art in Public Places Program.

Measure M receives funding from the County for construction of eligible transportation projects that improve the quality of roads, sidewalks and bike lanes.

Housing General Plan identifies the City's housing conditions and needs, establishes the goals, objectives, and policies that are the foundation of the City's housing and growth strategy.

Street Reserve accounts for the tax reserved for local streets and roads.

Vehicle Abatement accounts for monies for inspection, mark, or tow the vehicles that appear to be abandoned, non-operable, or not registered.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS, CONTINUED

Inclusionary and Linkage Housing accounts for revenue receives from fee payment to be used for the exclusive purpose of providing housing affordable to low and moderate income households in the City for construction of three or more new dwelling units, or for the division or subdivision of land into three or more lots for residential use.

Building Permit Incremental Fund accounts for revenue receives from construction inspection and plan checks to fund training, certification exams and courses.

Community Development Block Grant accounts for revenue and expenditures of CDBG funds awarded by the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

SB1 Road and Maintenance Fund accounts for revenue and expenditures of SB1 monies.

General Government Facilities Fee Fund accounts for general government facilities fees and related expenses.

Fire Facilities Fee Fund accounts for fire facilities fees and related expenses.

Stormwater Facilities Fee Fund accounts for stormwater facilities fees and related expenses.

Supplemental Planning Grant (SB2 and LEAP) Fund accounts for revenue and expenditures of SB2 and LEAP supplemental planning grant monies.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Undergrounding is an in-lieu fee paid by development projects, where the City Engineer has determined physical undergrounding of overhead utilities is not practical. The Fund is used for general City utility undergrounding projects.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Clean Renewable Energy Bonds is used for projects include solar panels to generate electricity at the City Hall/Library complex, the Police station and at the sewer lift station, and funds to implement projects for pedestrian safety contained in the Street Smart Study.

City of Sebastopol Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

				Special	Reve	enue		
ASSETS		Police Grants		Gas Tax		Park in Lieu		Traffic Impact
Cash and investments	\$	91,670	\$	58,088	\$	_	\$	82,266
Accounts receivable	Ψ	130	Ψ	50,000	Ψ	82,771	Ψ	02,200
Taxes receivable		-		18,158		02,771		_
Accrued interest receivable		595		269		_		598
Notes receivable		_		-		-		_
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	92,395	\$	76,515	\$	82,771	\$	82,864
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-		90,334		-
Unearned revenues	-	-		-		-		-
Deposits		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		_				90,334		-
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue		-				-		
Fund Balances:								
Restricted for:								
Highways and streets		-		-		-		82,864
Public safety		92,395		76,515		-		-
Affordable housing		-		-		-		-
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-		-
Committed for street projects		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		(7,563)		-
Total fund balances		92,395		76,515		(7,563)		82,864
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources, and fund balances	\$	92,395	\$	76,515	\$	82,771	\$	82,864

Special	Kev	enue

et Lighting sessment	Asset orfeiture	wntown sociation	Art in Lieu	M	easure M	Iousing neral Plan
\$ 26,503	\$ 10,629	\$ 7,210	\$ 57,391	\$	371,111	\$ 24,462
- (42)	-	-	-		-	35,915
642 82	- 52	34	385		44,938 1,750	- 363
-	-	-	-		-	-
-	 _	 -	-		-	 47,840
\$ 27,227	\$ 10,681	\$ 7,244	\$ 57,776	\$	417,799	\$ 108,580
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 750	\$	-	\$ -
-	- 8,283	-	-		-	-
	 -	 <u>-</u>	 			
	8,283		750		_	
	0,203		730			
		 	-		-	29,085
27,227	-	-	-		417,799	-
-	2,398	-	-		-	70.405
-	-	-	57,026		-	79,495 -
_	_	7,244	-		_	_
-	-	-	-		-	-
-	 _	 -	-		-	 -
27,227	2,398	7,244	 57,026		417,799	 79,495
\$ 27,227	\$ 10,681	\$ 7,244	\$ 57,776	\$	417,799	\$ 108,580

City of Sebastopol Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

			Special	Reven	iue		_
	Street Reserve		Vehicle Abatement		Inclusionary and Linkage Housing		ding Permit cremental Fund
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	289,030	\$ 7,754	\$	128,158	\$	126,262
Accounts receivable		-	3,222		-		-
Taxes receivable		-	-		-		-
Accrued interest receivable		1,423	35		624		605
Notes receivable		-	-		-		-
Due from other funds		-	 -		-		-
Total assets	\$	290,453	\$ 11,011	\$	128,782	\$	126,867
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	6
Due to other funds		-	-		-		-
Unearned revenues		-	-		-		-
Deposits		-	-		-		-
Total liabilities		-	 -		-		6
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable revenue		-	 -		-		-
Fund Balances:							
Restricted for :							
Highways and streets		-	-		-		-
Public safety		-	11,011		-		-
Affordable housing		-	-		128,782		-
Parks and recreation		-	-		-		-
Other		-	-		-		-
Committed for street projects		290,453	-		-		126,861
Unassigned	_						
Total fund balances		290,453	11,011		128,782		126,861
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
of resources, and fund balances	\$	290,453	\$ 11,011	\$	128,782	\$	126,867

					Special	Revenu	ıe			
Community Development Block Grant		SB1 Road and Maintenance					Fire lities Fee	rmwater ilities Fee	Supplemental Planning Grant (SB2 & LEAP)	
\$	22,063 - - 275 -	\$	296,298 - 15,658 1,350 -	\$	6,041 22 - - -	\$	2,984 12 - - -	\$ 15,812 - - 75 -	\$	- 45,085 - - - -
\$	22,338	\$	313,306	\$	6,063	\$	2,996	\$ 15,887	\$	45,085
\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$	1,068 47,840
	-		-		-			 -		48,908
	-		-		-		<u>-</u>	_		16,000
	-		313,306		-		-	-		-
	- - 22,338		-		6,063		- - 2,996	- - 15,887		-
	- - ,eee		-		-		-	-		- (19,823)
	22,338		313,306		6,063		2,996	15,887		(19,823)
\$	22,338	\$	313,306	\$	6,063	\$	2,996	\$ 15,887	\$	45,085

City of Sebastopol Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Сар	ital Project	De	bt Service		
		,				Total
				Clean	N	Ion-Major
				enewable		vernmental
	Unde	ergrounding		ergy Bonds		Funds
				-6)		
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	248,023	\$	-	\$	1,871,755
Accounts receivable		-		-		167,157
Taxes receivable		-		-		79,396
Accrued interest receivable		1,207		-		9,722
Notes receivable		-		181,542		181,542
Due from other funds		_		-		47,840
Total assets	\$	249,230	\$	181,542	\$	2,357,412
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCE AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,824
Due to other funds		-		30,021		168,195
Unearned revenues		-		-		8,283
Deposits		-		-		-
Total liabilities				30,021		178,302
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue				181,081		226,166
Fund Balances:						
Restricted for:						
Highways and streets		249,230		_		1,090,426
Public safety		_		_		182,319
Affordable housing		_		-		208,277
Parks and recreation		_		_		57,026
Other		_		_		54,528
Committed for street projects		_		_		417,314
Unassigned		-		(29,560)		(56,946)
Total fund balances		249,230		(29,560)		1,952,944
		Z 1 7,ZJU		(29,300)		1,704,744
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources, and fund balances	\$	249,230	\$	181,542	\$	2,357,412

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Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds

			Special	Revenu	ıe		
REVENUES:	Police Grants		Gas Tax		Park in Lieu		Traffic Impact
Property taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Sales and use taxes	-		-		-		-
Licenses and permits	-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental	124,137		211,450		82,771		-
Interest and rents	2,024		702		1,335		7,423
Charges for services Miscellaneous	- 750		-		6,500 -		12,214 -
Total revenues	 126,911		212,152		90,606		19,637
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General Government	-		-		_		_
Public works	-		179,495		-		-
Debt service:							
Principal	-		-		26,684		-
Interest	 -		-		817		_
Total expenditures	 -		179,495		27,501		
REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 126,911		32,657		63,105		19,637
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	-		-		_		-
Transfers out	 (100,000)		-		(87,047)		(112,816)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (100,000)				(87,047)		(112,816)
Net change in fund balances	26,911		32,657		(23,942)		(93,179)
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of the year	\$ 65,484	\$	43,858	\$	16,379	\$	176,043
End of year	\$ 92,395	\$	76,515	\$	(7,563)	\$	82,864

Special	Revenue

et Lighting sessment	Asset rfeiture	wntown sociation	 Art in Lieu	M	easure M	Housing neral Plan
\$ 127,807	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$	- 192,383	\$ -
-	-	7,300	-		-	-
784 -	355 - -	10	3,918 (605)		17,470 -	6,830 2,717 -
128,591	355	7,310	3,313		209,853	9,547
 14,658 116,541 - - - 131,199	- - - -	- - - -	44,250		- - - -	44,665
 (2,608)	 355	 7,310	(41,555)		209,853	 (35,118)
-	-	-	- (16)		- (292,419)	-
-		_	(16)		(292,419)	-
 (2,608)	 355	 7,310	(41,571)		(82,566)	(35,118)
\$ 29,835	\$ 2,043	\$ (66)	\$ 98,597	\$	500,365	\$ 114,613
\$ 27,227	\$ 2,398	\$ 7,244	\$ 57,026	\$	417,799	\$ 79,495

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Non-Major Governmental Funds

			Special I	Revenue	
	Stre	et Reserve	Vehicle batement	Inclusionary and Linkage Housing	Building Permit Incremental Fund
REVENUES:					
Property taxes Sales and use taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Interest and rents	\$	- - - 16,836	\$ 103	\$ - - - 4,347	\$ - - - - 3,341
Charges for services Miscellaneous		-	10,319 -	-	15,489
Total revenues		16,836	 10,422	4,347	18,830
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: General Government Public works Debt service: Principal			-	-	-
Interest		_	_	-	_
Total expenditures		-	-	-	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		16,836	 10,422	4,347	18,830
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in Transfers out	- <u></u>	- (157,470)	 (2,000)	- -	- -
Total other financing sources (uses)		(157,470)	 (2,000)	-	
Net change in fund balances		(140,634)	8,422	4,347	18,830
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of the year	\$	431,087	\$ 2,589	\$ 124,435	\$ 108,031
End of year	\$	290,453	\$ 11,011	\$ 128,782	\$ 126,861

			Special	Revenue		
Deve	nmunity elopment ek Grant	SB1 Road and Maintenance	General Government Facilities Fee	Fire Facilities Fee	Stormwater Facilities Fee	Supplemental Planning Grant (SB2 & LEAP)
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	- 39,811	175,941	-	-	-	187,927
	3,567	5,631	74	11	125	-
	-	-	3,017	2,000	9,428	-
	43,378	181,572	3,091	2,011	9,553	187,927
	-	-	-	-	-	30,153
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
					-	20.152
			-			30,153
	43,378	181,572	3,091	2,011	9,553	157,774
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(95,882)	(22,100)				
	(95,882)	(22,100)				
	(52,504)	159,472	3,091	2,011	9,553	157,774
\$	74,842	\$ 153,834	\$ 2,972	\$ 985	\$ 6,334	\$ (177,597)
\$	22,338	\$ 313,306	\$ 6,063	\$ 2,996	\$ 15,887	\$ (19,823)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds

	 ital Project	Debt Service Clean Renewable Energy Bonds	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES:	 <u> </u>		
Property taxes Sales and use taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ - - -	\$ 127,807 192,383 7,300 828,867
Interest and rents Charges for services Miscellaneous	 8,412 - -	72 8,100 -	79,257 66,462 750
Total revenues	 8,412	8,172	1,302,826
EXPENDITURES:			
Current: General Government Public works	-	-	133,726 296,036
Debt service: Principal Interest	-	102,644	129,328 817
Total expenditures	-	102,644	560,525
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 8,412	(94,472)	742,301
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfers in Transfers out	 - -	62,048	62,048 (869,750)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 _	62,048	(807,702)
Net change in fund balances	8,412	(32,424)	(65,401)
FUND BALANCES:			
Beginning of the year	\$ 240,818	\$ 2,864	2,018,345
End of year	\$ 249,230	\$ (29,560)	\$ 1,952,944

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Police Grants

	Budget / Driginal	Amoi	unts Final	Actual mounts	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental Interest and rents Miscellaneous	\$ 100,000 100 800	\$	100,000 100 800	\$ 124,137 2,024 750	\$	24,137 1,924 (50)
Total revenues	 100,900		100,900	 126,911		26,011
EXPENDITURES:						
Current: Public safety	7,500		7,500	 <u>-</u>		7,500
Total expenditures	7,500		7,500			7,500
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 93,400		93,400	 126,911		33,511
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out	 (100,000)		(100,000)	 (100,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(100,000)		(100,000)	(100,000)		
Net change in fund balances	\$ (6,600)	\$	(6,600)	26,911	\$	33,511
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of the year				\$ 65,484		
End of year				\$ 92,395		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Gas Tax

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental Interest and rents	\$	220,700 200	\$	220,700 200	\$	211,450 702	\$	(9,250) 502
Total revenues		220,900		220,900		212,152		(8,748)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Public works		208,924		208,924		179,495		29,429
Total expenditures		208,924		208,924		179,495		29,429
Net change in fund balances	\$	11,976	\$	11,976		32,657	\$	20,681
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of the year					\$	43,858		
End of year					\$	76,515		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Park in Lieu

REVENUES:	Budget Amounts Original Final					actual nounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Intergovernmental	\$		\$		\$	82,771	\$	82,771
Interest and rents	Ψ	500	Ψ	500	Ψ	1,335	Ψ	835
Charges for services		15,000		15,000		6,500		(8,500)
Total revenues		15,500		15,500		90,606		75,106
EXPENDITURES:								
Debt service: Principal		27,586		27,586		26,684		902
Interest		3,884		3,884		817		3,067
Total expenditures		31,470		31,470		27,501		3,969
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(15,970)		(15,970)		63,105		79,075
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(205,443)		(205,443)		(87,047)		118,396
Total other financing sources (uses)		(205,443)		(205,443)		(87,047)		118,396
Net change in fund balances	\$	(221,413)	\$	(221,413)		(23,942)	\$	197,471
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of the year					\$	16,379		
End of year					\$	(7,563)		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Traffic Impact

	Budget <i>E</i> Original	Amo	unts Final	Actual .mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:							
Interest and rents Charges for services	\$ 1,800 -	\$	1,800	\$ 7,423 12,214	\$	5,623 12,214	
Total revenues	 1,800		1,800	 19,637		17,837	
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Public safety	 					<u>-</u>	
Total expenditures	 			 			
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 1,800		1,800	19,637		17,837	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out	 (110,620)		(110,620)	 (112,816)		(2,196)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(110,620)		(110,620)	(112,816)		(2,196)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (108,820)	\$	(108,820)	(93,179)	\$	15,641	
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of the year				\$ 176,043			
End of year				\$ 82,864			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Street Lighting Assessment

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Property taxes Interest and rents	\$	128,336 500	\$	128,336 500	\$ 127,807 784	\$	(529) 284
Total revenues		128,836		128,836	128,591		(245)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: General government Public works		14,669 116,514		14,669 116,514	14,658 116,541		11 (27)
Total expenditures		131,183		131,183	131,199		(16)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(2,347)	\$	(2,347)	(2,608)	\$	(261)
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of the year					29,835		
End of year					\$ 27,227		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Asset Forfeiture

	Budget Original	: Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Interest and rents	\$ -	\$	- \$ 35	5 \$ 355
Total revenues			_ 35	355
EXPENDITURES:				
Current: Public safety		_	<u>- , </u>	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures		_	<u>-</u>	
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u> 35	5 \$ 355
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of the year			2,04	3_
End of year			\$ 2,39	8

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Downtown Association

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Licenses and permits Interest and rents	\$	8,700 -	\$	8,700 -	\$	7,300 10	\$	(1,400) 10
Total revenues		8,700		8,700		7,310		(1,390)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: General government		8,700		8,700		-		8,700
Total expenditures		8,700		8,700		-		8,700
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$			7,310	\$	7,310
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of the year						(66)		
End of year					\$	7,244		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Art in Lieu

	O:	Budget <i>E</i> riginal	Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:						
Interest and rents Charges for services	\$	500	\$	500	\$ 3,918 (605)	\$ 3,418 (605)
Total revenues		500		500	3,313	2,813
EXPENDITURES:						
Current: General government		30,000		30,000	44,250	(14,250)
Total expenditures		30,000		30,000	44,868	(13,632)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(29,500)		(29,500)	(41,555)	(12,055)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out		(50,500)		(50,500)	(16)	50,484
Total other financing sources (uses)		(50,500)		(50,500)	(16)	50,484
Net change in fund balances	\$	(80,000)	\$	(80,000)	(41,571)	\$ 38,429
FUND BALANCES:						
Beginning of the year					98,597	
End of year					\$ 57,026	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Measure M

	Budget 1	Amoi			Actual	Fina F	ance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Sales and use taxes Interest and rents	\$ 190,000 4,000	\$	190,000 4,000	\$	192,383 17,470	\$	2,383 13,470
Total revenues	 194,000		194,000		209,853		15,853
EXPENDITURES:							
Capital outlay	 						
Total expenditures	 						
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 194,000		194,000		209,853		15,853
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out	(509,557)		(509,557)		(292,419)		217,138
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (509,557)		(509,557)		(292,419)		217,138
Net change in fund balances	\$ (315,557)	\$	(315,557)		(82,566)	\$	232,991
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of the year					500,365		
End of year				\$	417,799		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Housing General Plan

REVENUES:	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,830	\$	6,830
Interest and rents		500		500		2,717		2,217
Charges for services		10,000		10,000				(10,000)
Total revenues		10,500		10,500		9,547		(953)
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
General government		25,025		25,025		44,665		19,640
Total expenditures		25,025		25,025		44,665		19,640
Net change in fund balances	\$	13,075	\$	13,075		(35,118)	\$	(48,193)
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of the year						114,613		
End of year					\$	79,495		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Street Reserve

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES:	_		_			_	
Interest and rents	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 16,836	\$	6,836
Total revenues		10,000		10,000	16,836		6,836
EXPENDITURES:							
Capital outlay		-					
Total expenditures		_					_
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		10,000		10,000	16,836		6,836
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		_		(135,000)	(157,470)		(22,470)
Total other financing sources (uses)				(135,000)	(157,470)		(22,470)
Net change in fund balances	\$	10,000	\$	(125,000)	(140,634)	\$	(15,634)
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of the year					431,087		
End of year					\$ 290,453		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Vehicle Abatement

REVENUES:	Budget Amounts Original Final					tual ounts	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Interest and rents Charges for services	\$	100 500	\$	100 500	\$	103 10,319	\$	3 9,819
Total revenues		600		600		10,422		9,822
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Public safety								<u>-</u>
Total expenditures								
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		600		600		10,422		9,822
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(2,000)		(2,000)		(2,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,000)		(2,000)		(2,000)		
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,400)	\$	(1,400)		8,422	\$	9,822
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of the year						2,589		
End of year					\$	11,011		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Inclusionary and Linkage Housing

	0	Budget A	Amoı	unts Final	 Actual mounts	Fina Po	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES:							
Interest and rents	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$ 4,347	\$	2,847
Total revenues		1,500		1,500	 4,347		2,847
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: General government		<u>-</u>			-		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures					 -		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,500		1,500	4,347		2,847
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(10,500)		(10,500)	_		10,500
Total other financing sources (uses)		(10,500)		(10,500)	 =		10,500
Net change in fund balances	\$	(9,000)	\$	(9,000)	4,347	\$	13,347
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of the year					124,435		
End of year					\$ 128,782		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Building Permit Incremental Fund

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Interest and rents Charges for services	\$	500 10,000	\$	500 10,000	\$	3,341 15,489	\$	2,841 5,489
Total revenues		10,500		10,500		18,830		8,330
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: General government								
Total expenditures								
Net change in fund balances	\$	10,500	\$	10,500		18,830	\$	8,330
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of the year						108,031		
End of year					\$	126,861		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Community Development Block Grant

	C	Budget 1 Driginal	Amoi	unts Final	.ctual nounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental Interest and rents	\$	203,500	\$	203,500	\$ 39,811 3,567	\$	(163,689) 3,567
Total revenues		203,500		203,500	 43,378		(160,122)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: General government							
Total expenditures					 		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		203,500		203,500	43,378		(160,122)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(203,500)		(203,500)	 (95,882)		107,618
Total other financing sources (uses)		(203,500)		(203,500)	 (95,882)		107,618
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$		(52,504)	\$	(52,504)
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of the year					 74,842		
End of year					\$ 22,338		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual SB1 Road and Maintenance

REVENUES: Intergovernmental					_	Actual mounts 175,941	Fina Po	nnce with I Budget ositive egative)
Interest and rents	Ψ	5,000	Ψ	5,000	Ψ	5,631	Ψ	631
Total revenues		190,900		190,900		181,572		(9,328)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Public works								
Total expenditures								
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		190,900		190,900		181,572		(9,328)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(160,680)		(160,680)		(22,100)		138,580
Total other financing sources (uses)		(160,680)		(160,680)		(22,100)		138,580
Net change in fund balances	\$	30,220	\$	30,220		159,472	\$	129,252
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of the year, as restated						153,834		
End of year					\$	313,306		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Government Facilities Fee

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES:								
Interest and rents Charges for services	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	74 3,017	\$	74 3,017
Total revenues		-				3,091		3,091
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: General government		-	. <u> </u>	_				
Total expenditures		-						<u> </u>
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$			3,091	\$	3,091
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of the year						2,972		
End of year					\$	6,063		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Fire Facilities Fee

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Interest and rents Charges for services	- 	<u>-</u>	11 2,000	11 2,000
Total revenues			2,011	2,011
EXPENDITURES:				
Current: Public safety		<u> </u>		
Total expenditures		<u> </u>		
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	2,011	\$ 2,011
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of the year			985	
End of year			\$ 2,996	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Stormwater Facilities Fee

	Budget Amounts Original Final				actual nounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:								
Interest and rents Charges for services	\$	- -	\$	- \$ -	125 9,428	\$	125 9,428	
Total revenues					9,553		9,553	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: Public works		<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u>				
Total expenditures				<u>-</u>	-			
Net change in fund balances	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u>-</u>	9,553	\$	9,553	
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of the year					6,334			
End of year				\$	15,887			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Supplemental Planning Grant (SB2 and LEAP)

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$	92,600	\$	92,600	\$	187,927	\$	95,327
Total revenues		92,600		92,600		187,927		95,327
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		65,000		65,000		30,153		34,847
Total expenditures		65,000		65,000		30,153		34,847
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		27,600		27,600		157,774		130,174
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(27,600)		(27,600)		-		27,600
Total other financing sources (uses)		(27,600)		(27,600)				27,600
Net change in fund balances	\$	<u>-</u>	\$			157,774	\$	157,774
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of the year						(177,597)		
End of year					\$	(19,823)		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Undergrounding

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Variance witl Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Interest and rents	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	8,412	\$	6,912
Total revenues		1,500		1,500		8,412		6,912
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay		_		-		_		_
Total expenditures		_		_		-	1	_
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,500	\$	1,500		8,412	\$	6,912
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of the year						240,818		
End of year					\$	249,230		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Clean Renewable Energy Bonds

	 Budget 1 Driginal	Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:					
Interest and rents Charges for services	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$ 72 8,100	\$ 72 8,100
Total revenues	 			8,172	8,172
EXPENDITURES:					
Principal	\$ 40,597		40,597	102,644	(62,047)
Total expenditures	 40,597		40,597	102,644	(62,047)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(40,597)		(40,597)	(94,472)	(53,875)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	 			62,048	62,048
Total other financing sources (uses)	 			62,048	62,048
Net change in fund balances	\$ (40,597)	\$	(40,597)	(32,424)	\$ 8,173
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of the year				2,864	
End of year				\$ (29,560)	

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Sebastopol's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City.

Index

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability issues additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Y				
		2015		2016		2017		2018
Governmental Activities	ф	0.005.104	ф	0.017.010	ф	0.461.005	ф	0.242.242
Net Investment In Capital Assets	\$	8,085,194	\$	8,017,313	\$	8,461,885	\$	9,242,243
Restricted		4,128,962		4,314,008		2,279,908		1,660,668
Unrestricted		(4,937,921)		(3,524,869)		(847,289)		(3,254,719)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	7,276,235	\$	8,806,452	\$	9,894,504	\$	7,648,192
Business-Type Activities								
Net Investment In Capital Assets	\$	4,566,315	\$	4,799,099	\$	4,705,054	\$	5,956,258
Restricted		1,544,038		1,404,798		1,468,204		-
Unrestricted		1,051,968		1,691,465		2,900,417		3,430,964
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$	7,162,321	\$	7,895,362	\$	9,073,675	\$	9,387,222
Primary Government								
Net Investment In Capital Assets	\$	12,651,509	\$	12,816,412	\$	13,166,939	\$	15,198,501
Restricted		5,673,000		5,718,806		3,748,112		1,660,668
Unrestricted		(3,885,953)		(1,833,404)		2,053,128		176,245
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$	14,438,556	\$	16,701,814	\$	18,968,179	\$	17,035,414

Note: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in FY 2015, which required the City to record their net pension liability in the statement of net position.

Fiscal Year

	2019		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024
\$	9,448,772	\$	9,494,832	\$	9,355,475	\$	9,702,362	\$	10,407,888	\$	13,491,017
	1,450,299		2,827,215		3,067,342		3,599,203		2,696,032		2,592,120
	(2,485,538)		(3,011,697)		(4,241,598)		(5,490,293)		56,266		(591,864)
\$	8,413,533	\$	9,310,350	\$	8,181,219	\$	7,811,272	\$	13,160,186	\$	15,491,273
\$	5,966,945	\$	5,594,545	\$	5,199,403	\$	5,259,183	\$	5,366,755	\$	5,821,403
	3,563,944		3,204,183		2,840,979		1,782,914		847,207		(1,467,220)
\$	9,530,889	\$	8,798,728	\$	8,040,382	\$	7,042,097	\$	6,213,962	\$	4,354,183
\$	15,415,717	\$	15,089,377	\$	14,554,878	\$	14,961,545	\$	15,774,643	\$	19,312,420
	1,450,299		2,827,215		3,067,342		3,599,203		2,696,032		2,592,120
	1,078,406		192,486		(1,400,619)		(3,707,379)		903,473		(2,059,084)
ф	15 044 400	ф	10 100 070	ф	1 (001 (01	Ф	14.050.040	Ф	10.074.140	Ф	10.045.454
\$	17,944,422	\$	18,109,078	\$	16,221,601	\$	14,853,369	\$	19,374,148	\$	19,845,456

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenses				
Governmental Activities				
General government	\$ 1,451,524	\$ 1,761,437	\$ 2,055,024	\$ 2,278,030
Public safety	4,397,921	4,193,457	5,260,822	5,397,701
Community development	34,936	9,155	-	-
Public works	1,331,944	1,376,165	938,036	1,301,865
Parks and recreation	644,813	1,066,267	749,005	801,006
Interest on long-term debt	91,304	83,446	80,566	72,765
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	7,952,442	8,489,927	9,083,453	9,851,367
Business-Type Activities				
Water	1,368,427	1,669,223	1,716,237	1,893,951
Wastewater	2,795,925	2,887,638	2,889,787	3,090,686
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	4,164,352	4,556,861	4,606,024	4,984,637
Total Primary Government Net Expenses	\$ 12,116,794	\$ 13,046,788	\$ 13,689,477	\$ 14,836,004
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities				
Charges for services				
General government	\$ 342,911	\$ 915,735	\$ 180,139	\$ 208,574
Public safety	278,638	240,886	190,018	171,292
Community development	14,390	162,652	-	-
Public works	182,878	305,614	539,617	324,193
Parks and recreation	89,971	100,630	66,739	44,247
Operating Contributions and Grants	579 <i>,</i> 188	484,480	209,472	348,082
Capital Contributions and Grants	742,670	446,248	525,005	473,052
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	2,230,646	2,656,245	1,710,990	1,569,440
Business-Type Activities				
Charges for services				
Water	1,933,720	2,061,253	2,457,698	2,270,224
Wastewater	2,959,002		3,324,934	3,028,330
Capital Contributions and Grants	30,356		-	<u>-</u>
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	4,923,078	5,320,925	5,782,632	5,298,554
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 7,153,724	\$ 7,977,170	\$ 7,493,622	\$ 6,867,994

Fiscal	l Year

					F1SC	ai r	ear				
	2019		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024
\$	2,000,974	\$	2,609,862	\$	2,657,999	\$	2,966,273	\$	2,702,550	\$	3,215,865
ψ		Ψ		ψ		ψ		Ψ		ψ	
	5,813,782		6,263,272		6,760,025		6,741,592		5,108,708		6,374,018
	-		-		-		<u>-</u>		-		-
	1,220,155		1,448,514		1,633,132		2,102,767		928,845		1,542,964
	976,489		1,159,950		965,252		1,030,936		1,010,731		1,163,946
	72,530		70,118		37,858		19,063		30,692		33,287
	10,083,930		11,551,716		12,054,266		12,860,631		9,781,526		12,330,080
	1,933,059		2,393,602		2,490,214		2,572,104		2,505,812		2,923,488
	3,333,798		3,562,838		3,519,884		3,845,631		3,765,130		4,269,156
	5,266,857		5,956,440		6,010,098		6,417,735		6,270,942		7,192,644
	-,,		-,,		-,,		-, ,		-, -,-		, - ,-
\$	15,350,787	\$	17,508,156	\$	18,064,364	\$	19,278,366	\$	16,052,468	\$	19,522,724
\$	100 (12	ď	214 000	ф	205,711	ф	212 501	ď	210 020	ф	222 497
Ф	188,613	\$	214,999	\$		\$	212,591	\$	218,820	\$	223,487
	179,531		152,232		134,888		109,257		134,997		131,130
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	345,425		421,397		520,283		394,056		817,936		482,328
	26,588		50,605		75,314		24,383		6,675		18,871
	239,765		1,856,224		799,896		548,966		2,527,480		752,416
	380,700		477,809		741,050		715,013		574,589		2,265,289
	1,360,622		3,173,266		2,477,142		2,004,266		4,280,497		3,873,521
	2,229,367		2,295,614		2,613,289		2,519,592		2,353,715		2,433,539
	3,104,920		2,895,155		3,024,497		3,053,622		3,005,604		2,870,624
	-		-		-		-		-		
	5,334,287		5,190,769		5,637,786		5,573,214		5,359,319		5,304,163
\$	6,694,909	\$	8,364,035	\$	8,114,928	\$	7,577,480	\$	9,639,816	\$	9,177,684

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2015	2016	2017
Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Governmental Activities	\$	(5,721,796) \$	(5,833,682) \$	(7,372,463)
Business-Type Activities		758,726	764,064	1,176,608
Total Primary Government Net Expense		(4,963,070)	(5,069,618)	(6,195,855)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position				
Governmental Activities				
Taxes				
Property taxes		1,392,443	1,393,021	2,459,296
Sales and use taxes		1,713,697	1,748,368	2,069,199
Motor vehicle in lieu taxes		591,353	621,440	-
Transient lodging taxes		359,892	482,164	483,738
Other taxes		2,273,971	2,761,809	2,246,817
Investment earnings		22,017	10,492	73,826
Miscellaneous		257,126	327,178	-
Transfers		31,024	31,024	31,023
Special item: Contribution of long-term loans to Sonoma County		-	(3,602,937)	-
Extraordinary item: Theft of investment funds		-	-	
Total Governmental Activities		6,641,523	3,772,559	7,363,899
Business-Type Activities				
Investment earnings		_	_	_
Transfers		(31,024)	(31,024)	(31,023)
Extraordinary item: Theft of investment funds		-	-	-
Total Business-Type Activities		(31,024)	(31,024)	(31,023)
Total Primary Government		6,610,499	3,741,535	7,332,876
Change in Net Position				
Governmental Activities		919,727	(2,061,123)	(8,564)
Business-Type Activities		727,702	733,040	1,145,585
Total Primary Government	\$	1,647,429 \$	(1,328,083) \$	1,137,021
•	_		· / / /	

Fiscal	Year
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	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024
\$	(8,281,927)	\$	(8,723,308)	\$	(8,378,450)	\$	(9,577,124)	\$	(10,856,365)	\$	(5,501,029)	\$	(8,456,559)
Ψ	313,917	Ψ	67,430	Ψ	(765,671)	Ψ	(372,312)	Ψ	(844,521)	Ψ	(911,623)	Ψ	(1,888,481)
_	010,717		07,100		(100,011)		(072,012)		(011,021)		(711,020)		(1,000,101)
	(7,968,010)		(8,655,878)		(9,144,121)		(9,949,436)		(11,700,886)		(6,412,652)		(10,345,040)
	(1,100,000)		(0,000,000)		(-,,)		(* /* =* / = * *)		(==,: ::,:::)		(=,==,==)		(==,===,===)
	2,478,979		2,618,913		2,891,222		2,981,745		3,004,264		3,469,046		3,608,219
	3,923,850		3,714,794		3,958,244		3,697,726		4,362,811		4,608,918		4,521,289
	-		, , -		-		-		, , , -		-		-
	514,225		529,810		631,742		518,175		402,255		544,128		519,452
	1,134,089		1,097,589		1,153,243		1,100,380		1,158,279		1,436,605		1,467,561
	67,458		57,812		259,216		343,753		(7,279)		(36,045)		496,694
	260,341		523,614		563,958		602,464		315,678		796,267		104,454
	31,023		32,259		31,024		31,024		31,024		31,024		69,977
	-		-		-		-		-		_		-
	-		-		-		-		(819,039)		-		-
	8,409,965		8,574,791		9,488,649		9,275,267		8,447,993		10,849,943		10,787,646
	32,728		31,889		107,261		91,655		25,951		114,512		98,679
	(31,023)		(32,259)		(31,024)		(31,024)		(31,024)		(31,024)		(69,977)
	-		-		-		-		(380,961)		_		-
	1,705		(370)		76,237		60,631		(386,034)		83,488		28,702
	8,411,670		8,574,421		9,564,886		9,335,898		8,061,959		10,933,431		10,816,348
	0,411,070		0,374,421		9,304,000		9,000,090		0,001,939		10,933,431		10,010,040
	128,038		(148,517)		1,110,199		(301,857)		(2,408,372)		5,348,914		2,331,087
	315,622		67,060		(689,434)		(311,681)		(1,230,555)		(828,135)		(1,859,779)
\$	443,660	\$	(81,457)	\$	420,765	\$	(613,538)	\$	(3,638,927)	\$	4,520,779	\$	471,308
Ψ	110,000	4	(01)107)	Ψ	1_0), 00	Ψ	(020,000)	Ψ	(5,550,727)	Ψ	-,,-	Ψ	1, 1,000

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		2015	2016	2017
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 11,127
Restricted		_	-	-
Committed		1,015,000	1,015,000	185,000
Assigned		_	-	2,785,000
Unassigned		2,077,523	3,265,624	3,669,067
Total General Fund	\$	3,092,523	\$ 4,280,624	\$ 6,650,194
All Other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$ -	\$ _
Restricted		3,573,382	3,827,777	2,279,908
Committed		595,718	464,800	154,351
Unassigned		-	-	(79,673)
Total All Other Governmental Funds		4,169,100	4,292,577	2,354,586
Total Governmental Funds	:	\$7,261,623	\$8,573,201	\$9,004,780

Fiecal	Year
FISCA	rear

							Tibeat Teat						
	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024
\$	46,392	\$	28,818	\$	76,529	\$	42,386	\$	180,191	\$	187,748	\$	1,305,154
	-		-		1,186,330		1,161,558		2,013,242		1,234,900		2,861,099
	185,000		_		-		-		-		-		-
	3,335,000		3,579,535		4,610,435		5,049,534		4,601,816		4,601,125		2,703,713
	3,882,742		4,993,434		4,269,513		3,028,639		3,547,112		5,947,365		4,796,525
\$	7,449,134	\$	8,601,787	\$	10,142,807	\$	9,282,117	\$	10,342,361	\$	11,971,138	\$	11,666,491
\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,651	\$	_	\$	555	\$	_	\$	_
Ψ	1,660,668	Ψ	1,450,299	Ψ	1,640,885	Ψ	1,905,784	Ψ	1,585,961	Ψ	1,656,890	Ψ	1,592,576
	279,229		436,477		475,327		491,317		492,217		539,118		417,314
	(48,819)		(113,745)		(10,535)		(6,926)		(7,776)		(183,350)		(476,949)
	1,891,078		1,773,031		2,108,328		2,390,175		2,070,957		2,012,658		1,532,941
	\$9,340,212	\$	510,374,818		\$12,251,135		\$11,672,292		\$12,413,318		\$13,983,796		\$13,199,432

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
		2015		2016		2017		2018		
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$	1,393,024	\$	2,459,296	\$	2,681,062	\$	2,618,914		
Sales and use taxes		3,652,138		3,940,169		4,454,450		4,686,751		
Other taxes		1,218,306		-		-		-		
Transient occupany taxes		-		483,738		514,225		529,810		
Utility users tax		-		-		-		-		
Franchise fees		-		351,568		359,466		323,496		
Licenses and permits		314,693		488,234		412,678		304,268		
Fines and forfeits		158,380		122,235		88,747		82,605		
Intergovernmental		1,443,193		979,119		676,542		765,572		
Interest and rents		43,433		92,985		112,795		106,357		
Charges for services		843,764		717,270		428,703		320,219		
Miscellaneous		67,948		434,506		294,146		523,223		
Total Revenues		9,134,879		10,069,120		10,022,814		10,261,215		
Expenditures										
Current										
General Government		1,501,999		1,628,362		2,272,637		1,879,155		
Public Safety		4,175,290		4,329,264		4,429,352		4,780,975		
Community development		35,436		9,600		-		-		
Parks and recreation		544,596		524,035		605,061		639,930		
Public works		1,073,855		1,443,331		930,256		868,491		
Capital Outlay		80,472		554,243		1,188,516		1,471,598		
Debt Service:										
Principal		358,175		302,357		233,469		245,128		
Interest		93,135		82,796		80,566		72,766		
Cost of debt issuance		-		-		-		_		
Total Expenditures		7,862,958		8,873,988		9,739,857		9,958,043		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1,271,921		1,195,132		282,957		303,172		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Lease financing		-		85,423		66,250		-		
Proceeds from debt		-		-		-		-		
Payment to escrow		-		-		-		-		
Sales of capital assets		-		-		799		-		
Transfers In		256,301		417,645		198,741		1,396,214		
Transfers Out		(225,277)		(386,622)		(167,718)		(1,363,955)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		31,024		116,446		98,072		32,259		
Extraordinary/Special Items		-		-		-		-		
Net Change In Fund Balances		\$1,302,945		\$1,311,578		\$381,029		\$335,431		
Debt Service as a percentage										
of non-capital expenditures		5.8%		4.6%		3.6%		3.7%		

Fiscal	l Year

		Fisca	I Year		
2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Ф. 2.001.222	Ф. 2.004 746	ф. 2 004 2 64	Ф. 2.222.740	Ф. 2.460.047	Ф. 2. (00. 21.0
\$ 2,891,222	\$ 2,981,746	\$ 3,004,264	\$ 3,333,748	\$ 3,469,047	\$ 3,608,219
4,907,892	4,609,379	5,321,931	5,744,161	5,766,785	4,819,171
631,742	518,175	402,255	504,292	544,128	519,452
031,742	310,173	402,233	304,292	344,120	863,179
358,299	336,738	363,167	405,507	468,871	489,591
324,928	458,640	507,434	454,321	736,252	522,373
55,501	48,171	30,439	27,452	28,766	34,665
540,760	2,213,385	1,401,853	1,071,029	2,749,503	2,604,266
309,812	390,766	38,129	(257,367)	10,009	547,888
318,062	293,920	361,904	261,074	384,367	257,671
563,549	602,471	315,177	927,480	796,090	102,465
10,901,767	12,453,391	11,746,553	12,471,697	14,953,818	14,368,940
				,,,,,,,,	
1,933,038	2,216,083	2,308,287	2,678,185	3,072,218	2,972,687
4,998,720	5,448,918	6,292,688	6,059,990	6,202,781	5,987,388
-	-	-	-	-	-
826,945	970,013	792,038	799,261	928,296	979,416
1,051,102	1,062,194	1,161,841	1,293,535	1,171,320	1,104,778
766,230	590,256	680,072	1,797,036	1,669,492	3,748,461
249,619	250,516	275,351	240,932	339,564	397,266
72,531	70,118	37,858	19,063	30,693	33,285
_	-	12,842	-	-	_
9,898,185	10,608,098	11,560,977	12,888,002	13,414,364	15,223,281
1,003,582	1,845,293	185,576	(416,305)	1,539,454	(854,341)
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	420,626	1,126,307	-	-
-	-	(397,030)	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
2,912,182	632,536	632,536	1,511,475	1,758,851	3,545,300
(2,881,158)	(601,512)	(601,512)	(1,480,451)	(1,727,827)	(3,475,323)
31,024	31,024	54,620	1,157,331	31,024	69,977
		(819,039)			
\$1,034,606	\$1,876,317	(\$578,843)	\$741,026	\$1,570,478	(\$784,364)
3.5%	3.2%	3.0%	2.3%	3.3%	3.8%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Secured Property	Unsecured Property	SBE Nonunitary	Total Taxable Assessed Value ¹	Estimated Actual Taxable Value ²	Total Direct Tax Rate ³
2015	ф. 1.020.201.270	Ф 22.057.050	¢.	Ф. 1.064.0E0.220	ф	1 11 570/
2015	\$ 1,030,201,370	\$ 33,857,950	\$ -	\$ 1,064,059,320	\$ -	1.1157%
2016	1,101,325,085	34,718,413	-	1,136,043,498	-	1.1152%
2017	1,159,102,311	36,169,711	-	1,195,272,022	-	1.1247%
2018	1,213,563,175	40,451,873	=	1,254,015,048	1,506,046,992	1.1322%
2019	1,293,160,893	41,422,754	-	1,334,583,647	=	1.1322%
2020	1,346,424,183	39,548,176	-	1,385,972,359	1,769,357,484	1.1570%
2021	1,396,730,880	40,985,208	-	1,437,716,088	1,787,188,307	1.1560%
2022	1,442,646,754	42,502,411	-	1,485,149,165	1,939,139,162	1.1776%
2023	1,519,838,181	40,116,647	-	1,559,954,828	2,307,922,054	1.1369%
2024	1,594,670,072	46,550,880	-	1,641,220,952	2,135,504,184	1.1630%

Article XIIIA, added to the California Constitution by Proposition 13 in 1978, fixed the base for valuation of property subject to taxes at the full cash value as it appeared on the Assessor's 1975-76 assessment roll. Thereafter, full cash value can be increased to reflect:

- a) annual inflation up to 2 percent
- b) current market value at time of ownership change;
- c) market value for new construction

Source: Sonoma County Assessor data, Avenu Insights & Analytics

² Estimated Actual Value is derived from a series of calculations comparing median assessed values from 1940 to current median sale prices. Based on these calculations a multiplier value was extrapolated and applied to current assessed values.

³ Total direct tax rate is represented by TRA 05-001, 05-022.

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DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Agency	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Basic Levy ¹	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Palm Drive Health Care District	0.00520	0.00520	0.00520	0.00520	0.00520	0.00300	0.00300	0.00260	0.00260	0.00250
Sebastopol Elementary Bonds	0.03700	0.03500	0.03300	0.03550	0.03450	0.03350	0.03600	0.06600	0.05700	0.04200
Sonoma County Junior College	0.01800	0.01600	0.01500	0.01400	0.03600	0.01300	0.01300	0.01300	0.01200	0.01150
Sonoma County Junior College 2014	0.00000	0.00000	0.02500	0.02300	0.00000	0.02400	0.02400	0.02400	0.02300	0.02200
Twin Hills Elementary	0.03300	0.03300	0.03200	0.03050	0.03000	0.03000	0.02900	0.02500	0.00000	0.04050
West Sonoma County Unified High	0.01550	0.01900	0.01750	0.01700	0.04850	0.04650	0.04400	0.04000	0.03530	0.03750
West Sonoma Russian River Project	0.00700	0.00700	0.00700	0.00700	0.00700	0.00700	0.00700	0.00700	0.00700	0.00700
Total Direct & Overlapping Tax Rates ²	1.11570	1.11520	1.13470	1.13220	1.16120	1.15700	1.15600	1.17760	1.13690	1.16300

Note:

Source: Sonoma County Assessor data, Avenu Insights & Analytics

¹ In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.

² Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all city property owners.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		Fiscal Yea	ar 2024	Fiscal Year 2015			
			Percent Of			Percent Of	
			Total			Total	
		Taxable	Assessed	Taxable		Assessed	
Taxpayer	Assessed Value		Valuation	Assessed Value ¹		Valuation	
Barlow Star LLC	\$	31,834,640	1.94%		N/A	N/A	
H-1 Real Estate LLC		15,546,928	0.95%		N/A	N/A	
Longs Drug Stores California LLC		9,725,026	0.59%		6,859,089	0.64%	
The Duckhorn Portfolio		8,349,530	0.51%		N/A	N/A	
Redwood Marketplace		7,596,302	0.46%		6,447,082	0.61%	
970 Gravenstein Hwy LLC		6,835,000	0.42%		N/A	N/A	
Maxwell Myers Co & Maxwell A Myers L		6,030,490	0.37%		N/A	N/A	
LOK Sebastopol Hotel Co LLC		5,876,420	0.36%		5,228,303	0.49%	
Sonoma Real Estate Holdings LLC		5,466,125	0.33%		N/A	N/A	
Diajeff LLC		5,282,266	0.32%		4,483,108	0.42%	
Total Top 10 Taxpayers		102,542,727	6.25%	\$	23,017,582	2.16%	
Total Taxable Value	\$ 1	1,641,220,952	100.00%	\$ 1	,064,059,320	100.00%	

Source: Sonoma County Assessor data, Avenu Insights & Analytics

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

Collections within the

	Taxes	l Year	Fiscal Year of the Levy			
Fiscal		RDA	/Successor			Percent of
Year	City		Agency	Total ¹	Amount	Levy
2017	\$ 2,523,397	\$	825,365	\$ 3,348,762	\$ 3,348,762	100.00%
2018	2,433,418		827,985	3,261,403	3,261,403	100.00%
2019	2,714,491		743,087	3,457,578	3,457,578	100.00%
2020	2,781,985		656,366	3,438,351	3,438,351	100.00%
2021	2,909,941		319,262	3,229,203	3,229,203	100.00%
2022	3,202,351		-	3,202,351	3,202,351	100.00%
2023	3,293,347		-	3,293,347	3,293,347	100.00%
2024	3,443,906		-	3,443,906	3,443,906	100.00%

¹ Schedule excludes unitary tax.

Source: Sonoma County Tax Collector/Treasurer

² The City of Sebastopol participates in the County of Sonoma "Teeter Plan" for property tax distributions. This plan distributes 100% of the secured taxes to participants; and in turn, allows the County to keep related penalties and interest for late tax payments.

^{*} The schedule is intended to show information for ten years, additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

City of Sebastopol - Bradley Burns

Calendar	Year

Category	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Eating and Drinking Places	\$ 39,035	\$ 40,730	\$ 43,265	\$ 33,525	\$ 44,326	\$ 39,036	\$ 36,947	\$ 32,746	\$ 31,626	\$ 29,686
Food Stores	31,691	33,067	35,126	32,999	39,915	44,478	41,357	39,236	39,368	23,074
Apparel Stores	2,399	2,503	2,659	2,840	3,636	3,883	3,784	3,904	3,873	1,044
Auto Dealers and Supplies	9,932	10,363	11,008	9,243	8,837	8,706	9,284	8,252	8,344	158,109
Service Stations	17,525	18,286	19,424	16,734	21,926	19,190	16,825	17,131	20,449	430
Other Retail Stores	32,346	33,751	35,851	31,820	34,202	32,551	31,599	28,826	28,248	3,399
All Other Outlets	27,598	28,796	30,589	27,608	29,984	21,972	21,472	23,529	23,206	31,304
Total	\$ 160,525	\$ 167,497	\$ 177,922	\$ 154,770	\$ 182,826	\$ 169,816	\$ 161,269	\$ 153,625	\$ 155,114	\$ 247,046

City of Sebastopol - Measure Y

	Year

Category	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Eating and Drinking Places	\$ 36,868	\$ 38,469	\$ 40,863	\$ 33,537	\$ 42,423	\$ 39,585	\$ 37,757	\$ 33,618	\$ 32,338	\$ 29,203
Food Stores	35,413	36,951	39,251	37,966	36,386	38,962	46,524	44,990	42,992	39,556
Apparel Stores	5,600	5,843	6,207	5,293	6,201	6,298	6,676	6,093	6,069	4,950
Auto Dealers and Supplies	38,325	39,990	42,478	33,575	41,451	40,643	44,124	41,412	40,325	40,242
Service Stations	17,876	18,652	19,813	17,106	22,139	19,419	17,085	17,183	19,886	22,676
Other Retail Stores	63,732	66,501	70,639	58,284	53,109	52,863	50,032	47,131	43,757	39,932
All Other Outlets	72,414	75,559	80,262	66,878	68,588	60,692	57,283	56,718	55,486	54,916
Total	\$ 270,228	\$ 281,964	\$ 299,513	\$ 252,641	\$ 270,297	\$ 258,462	\$ 259,481	\$ 247,145	\$ 240,853	\$ 231,475

City of Sebastopol - Measure T

Calendar Year

Category	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Eating and Drinking Places	\$ 36,868	\$ 38,469	\$ 40,863	\$ 33,537	\$ 42,423	\$ 39,585	\$ 37,757	\$ 33,618	\$ 32,338	\$ 29,203
Food Stores	35,413	36,951	39,251	37,966	36,386	38,962	46,524	44,990	42,992	39,556
Apparel Stores	5,600	5,843	6,207	5,293	6,201	6,298	6,676	6,093	6,069	4,950
Auto Dealers and Supplies	38,325	39,990	42,478	33,575	41,451	40,643	44,124	41,412	40,325	40,242
Service Stations	17,876	18,652	19,813	17,106	22,139	19,419	17,085	17,183	19,886	22,676
Other Retail Stores	63,732	66,501	70,639	58,284	53,109	52,863	50,032	47,131	43,757	39,932
All Other Outlets	72,414	75,559	80,262	66,878	68,588	60,692	57,283	56,718	55,486	54,916
Total	\$ 270,228	\$ 281,964	\$ 299,513	\$ 252,641	\$ 270,297	\$ 258,462	\$ 259,481	\$ 247,145	\$ 240,853	\$ 231,475

City of Sebastopol - Total

Calendar Year

		Calendar Year									
Category	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Eating and Drinking Places	\$ 112,819	\$ 117,719	\$ 125,046	\$ 100,593	\$ 129,249	\$ 118,216	\$ 112,516	\$ 100,029	\$ 96,436	\$ 89,102	
Food Stores	102,478	106,929	113,584	108,895	112,665	122,367	134,383	129,670	125,326	102,265	
Apparel Stores	13,550	14,138	15,018	13,380	15,995	16,528	17,077	16,080	15,980	10,921	
Auto Dealers and Supplies	86,793	90,563	96,199	76,513	91,855	90,004	97,536	94,005	89,250	238,577	
Service Stations	53,276	55,590	59,050	50,907	66,208	58,032	50,997	51,592	61,102	44,970	
Other Retail Stores	159,665	166,600	176,969	148,224	140,420	138,145	131,621	122,975	115,389	83,500	
All Other Outlets	171,861	179,326	190,487	161,117	166,791	143,070	135,790	136,807	134,947	140,945	
Total	\$ 700,443	\$ 730,864	\$ 776,353	\$ 659,628	\$ 723,183	\$ 686,363	\$ 679,920	\$ 651,158	\$ 638,431	\$ 710,280	

^{*} Categories of sales activity, and amounts displayed for the current reporting period are estimated based on prior years' activity.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Governmental Activities										Business-Type Activities				
Fiscal Year	Special Assessment Bonds		Finance Purchase Agreements		CEC Loan			Lease- Leaseback Agreements			Total ²		Installment Agreement		Finance Purchase Agreements	
2014	\$	205,000	\$	2,415,429	\$		-	\$	-	\$	2,620,429	\$	1,200,000	\$	1,150,336	
2015		185,000		2,273,334			-				2,458,334		1,160,118		1,130,420	
2016		160,000		2,075,657			-		-		2,235,657		1,118,601		1,147,458	
2017		140,000		1,850,529			-		-		1,990,529		1,075,382		990,710	
2018		115,000		1,625,911			-		-		1,740,911		1,030,391		859,552	
2019		90,000		1,400,395			-		-		1,490,395		983,555		737,003	
2020		65,000		1,173,640			-		-		1,238,640		-		627,380	
2021		35,000		1,126,307			-		933,133		2,094,440		-		3,812,582	
2022		-		1,050,637			-		710,239		1,760,876		-		3,559,254	
2023		-		985,875			-		377,735		1,363,610		-		3,330,963	

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

¹ See Demographic and Economic Indicators schedule for personal income and population data.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Totals do not include other post-employment benefits payable or compensated absences. n/a: not available

Business-Type Activities

Lease- easeback greements	Refunding Loan Payable Truist		State Drinking Water Loan	CEC Loan		Total ²	Total Primary overnment	Percentage of Personal Income ¹	Per Capita ¹
\$ _	\$	- \$	142,819	\$	-	\$ 2,493,155	\$ 5,113,584	1.97%	686
-		-	170,415		-	2,460,953	3,761,788	1.42%	500
-		-	249,339		-	2,515,398	3,912,195	1.38%	516
-		-	148,328		-	2,214,420	3,353,458	1.10%	435
-		-	98,863		-	1,988,806	2,947,221	0.97%	382
-		-	75,481		-	1,796,039	2,608,523	0.84%	337
-	1,019,462	2	-		-	1,646,842	3,293,684	1.00%	430
487,375	955,734	1	-		-	5,255,691	10,511,382	2.83%	1,404
365,560	891,079	9	-		-	4,815,893	9,631,786	2.27%	1,311
245,041	825,058	3	-		_	4,401,062	8,802,124	1.87%	1,207

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

General Bonded

	 Debt Outstanding			Percentage of	
Fiscal	m . 1		Percentage of Personal	Total Taxable Assessed	Per
Year	 Total		Income ¹	Value ²	Capita ¹
2015	\$	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2016		-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2017		-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2018		-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2019		-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2020		-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2021		-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2022		-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2023		-	N/A	N/A	N/A
2024		-	N/A	N/A	N/A

¹ See Demographic and Economic Indicators schedule for personal income and population data.

² See Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property schedule for property value data.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2024

	Total Debt June 30, 2024	Percent Applicable ¹	City's Share of Debt as of June 30, 2024
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:			
Sonoma County Joint Community College District West Sonoma County Union High School District	\$ 367,115,000 78,536,954	1.425% 13.387%	\$ 5,231,389 10,513,742
Sebastopol Union School District	20,664,563	58.766%	12,143,737
Twin Hills Union Shool District	2,265,066	0.697%	15,788
Palm Drive Healthcare District	2,060,232	12.540%	258,353
Palm Drive Healthcare District Parcel Tax Obligations	9,225,906	12.540%	1,156,929
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT			\$ 29,319,937
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:			
Sonoma County Certificates of Participation	\$ 4,920,000	1.435%	\$ 70,602
Sonoma County Pension Obligation Bonds	183,880,000	1.435%	2,638,678
Sonoma County Office of Education Certificates of Participation	2,637,891	1.435%	37,854
West Sonoma County Union High School District General Fund Obligations	819,510	13.387%	109,708
Sebastopol Union School District Certificates of Participation	139,826	58.766%	82,170
Twin Hills Union School District Certificates of Participation	118,528	0.697%	826
City of Sebastopol Obligations	1,363,610	100.000%	1,363,610
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT			\$ 4,303,448
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$ 33,623,385
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$ 1,363,610 32,259,775
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$ 33,623,385 2

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the City is estimated using taxable assessed property value.

Applicable percentages were estimated by determinating the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the City divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

RATIOS TO 2023-24 ASSESSED VALUATION:

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	1.78%
Combined Direct Debt	0.08%
Combined Total Debt	2.04%

² Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue, and non-bonded lease obligations

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2015	2016	2017	2018
Total assessed value of all real and personal property	\$ 1	,064,059,320	\$ 1,136,043,498	\$ 1,195,272,022	\$ 1,254,015,048
Debt limit percentage		3.75%	3.75%	3.75%	3.75%
Total debt limit		39,902,225	42,601,631	44,822,701	47,025,564
Amount applicable to debt limit		2,620,429	2,458,334	-	 1,990,529
Legal debt margin	\$	37,281,796	\$ 40,143,297	\$ 44,822,701	\$ 45,035,035
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		6.57%	5.77%	0.00%	4.23%

Note: California Government Code, Section 43605 sets the debt limit at 15%. The Code section was enacted when assessed valuations were based on 25% of full market value. This has since changed to 100% of full market value. Thus the limit shown is 3.75% (1/4 of 15%).

Fiscal year

		1 1000	ı yeu			
2019	 2020	 2021		2022	 2023	 2024
\$ 1,293,160,893	\$ 1,346,424,183	\$ 1,396,730,880	\$	1,442,646,754	\$ 1,519,838,181	\$ 1,594,670,072
 3.75%	3.75%	3.75%		3.75%	 3.75%	 3.75%
48,493,533	50,490,907	52,377,408		54,099,253	56,993,932	59,800,128
 1,740,911	 1,490,395	 1,238,640		2,059,440	 1,760,876	 1,363,610
\$ 46,752,622	\$ 49,000,512	\$ 51,138,768	\$	52,039,813	\$ 55,233,056	\$ 58,436,518
3.59%	2.95%	2.36%		3.81%	3.09%	2.28%

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Special Assessment Bonds

Fiscal Year	special essments	<u>P</u> 1	rincipal	I	nterest	Coverage
2015	\$ 31,082	\$	20,000	\$	17,004	0.84
2016	32,420		20,000		15,312	0.92
2017	31,194		25,000		11,455	0.86
2018	32,344		20,000		10,005	1.08
2019	33,315		25,000		9,686	0.96
2020	31,712		25,000		6,868	1.00
2021	32,512		25,000		8,371	0.97
2022	33,131		30,000		6,596	0.91
2023	-		35,000		2,293	0.00
2024	-		-		-	N/A

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial

statements.

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE PROPRIETARY FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Installment Sale Agreement, State Drinking Water Loan, Refunding Loan Payable - Truist, Refunding Lease Agreement, and Finance Purchase Agreements

Fiscal Year	Operating Revenue	Adjusted Operating Expenses	Net vailable Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2015	\$ 1,933,720	\$ (1,194,003)	\$ 739,717	-	-	n/a
2016	2,061,253	(1,493,267)	567,986	39,881	49,201	6.38
2017	2,467,685	(1,538,204)	929,481	41,517	47,565	10.43
2018	2,284,764	(1,763,844)	520,920	101,011	45,217	3.56
2019	2,280,988	(1,737,823)	543,165	93,902	48,047	3.83
2020	2,343,362	(2,159,899)	183,463	97,338	45,177	1.29
2021	2,613,289	(2,245,148)	368,141	74,943	117,541	1.91
2022	2,519,592	(2,300,500)	219,092	133,663	24,535	1.38
2023	2,353,715	(2,212,048)	141,667	277,668	42,579	0.44
2024	2,499,599	(2,622,128)	(122,529)	261,527	56,599	(0.39)

Note: There were no pledges of non-general obligation debt from 2013 to 2014.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation or amortization.

CITY OF SEBASTOPOL DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fig. a.1		Personal Income		% of Pop 25+	% of Pop 25+			
Fiscal		Total	Per	with High	with Bachelors	Unemployment	Median	
Year	Population	(in thousands)	Capita	School Degree	Degree	Rate	Age	
2015	7,527	264,433	35,131	94.70%	42.90%	3.8%	49.70	
2016	7,579	283,772	37,441	93.80%	41.20%	3.4%	51.30	
2017	7,709	305,392	39,615	96.10%	48.30%	3.4%	51.30	
2018	7,885	303,177	38,449	96.10%	48.30%	4.1%	47.90	
2019	7,826	314,018	40,125	93.10%	38.60%	2.4%	47.20	
2020	7,745	328,140	42,368	95.70%	43.80%	20.7%	47.60	
2021	7,657	330,501	43,163	95.50%	44.90%	11.9%	46.80	
2022	7,489	351,291	49,578	96.10%	44.60%	2.6%	48.50	
2023	7,348	424,918	57,828	95.60%	47.00%	3.6%	49.10	
2024	7,295	471,959	64,696	96.70%	48.50%	3.5%	48.80	

Source:

Population: California State Department of Finance. Unemployment Data: California Employment Development Department.

Census. Projections are developed by incorporating all of the prior census data released to date. Demographic Data is totaled from Census Block Groups that overlap the City's boundaries

2010 and later - Income, Age and Education Data - US Census Bureau, most recent American Community Survey

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	Fis	cal Year 2024		Fis	scal Year 2015	
		Percent of			Percent of	_
		Total			Total	
Employer	Employees	Employment	Rank	Employees	Employment	Rank
West Sonoma County Union High Sch	180	4.74%	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Apple Valley Post Acute Rehab	173	4.55%	2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sonoma Specialty Hospital	169	4.45%	3	N/A	N/A	N/A
Traditional Medicinals	145	3.82%	4	N/A	N/A	N/A
Safeway	114	3.00%	5	N/A	N/A	N/A
Whole Foods Market	96	2.53%	6	N/A	N/A	N/A
Gravenstein Union District	93	2.45%	7	N/A	N/A	N/A
TLC Child and Family Services	92	2.42%	8	N/A	N/A	N/A
City of Sebastopol**	90	2.37%	9	N/A	N/A	N/A
Andy's Produce Markets	70	1.84%	10	N/A	N/A	N/A
	1,222	32.16%				

Source: MuniServices, LLC/Avenu Insights & Analytics

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

				Fiscal	Year			
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Governmental Activities General Government								
City Council	6.00	6.00	6.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	5.00
City Manager	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	1.00
City Attorney	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	-
City Clerk	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Finance	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Building Inspection	1.50	1.50	1.50	0.50	1.50	0.50	0.50	1.50
Planning	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Public Safety								
Police	34.75	34.75	34.75	24.75	25.75	23.00	25.00	23.00
Fire	33.50	33.50	35.50	34.50	35.50	35.50	34.50	3.50
Public Works and facilities								
Administration	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75
Water	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00
Laborer	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Engineering	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	2.25
Maintenance	4.00	6.00	6.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	6.00
Total	98.25	100.25	102.25	89.25	93.25	89.50	90.50	58.00

^{*} The schedule is intended to show information for ten years, additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Source: City of Sebastopol Finance Department

CITY OF SEBASTOPOL OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

				Fiscal Year						
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Building										
Residential Building Permits	302	432	393	278	300	290	323	330	360	415
Land use entitlement applications	54	32	25	25	25	25	25	30	57	33
Police										
Citations issued	n/a	n/a	872	1,156	906	2,121	1,122	1,224	1,177	1,128
Arrests made	823	623	669	581	519	468	329	299	297	362
Requests for services	7,801	7,830	7,703	7,845	8,276	8,251	6,894	7,743	12,384	12,674
Fire										
Fire responses	1,071	1,056	1,150	1,190	1,275	1,200	1,189	1,250	1,325	1,595
Fire Inspections	200	300	350	375	400	380	375	390	280	200
Area served (sq. miles)	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.80
Public Works										
Encroachment permits	117	98	59	65	74	86	95	60	61	59
Capital improvement projects	n/a	n/a	n/a	6	3	3	6	1	2	6
Park acres overseen	96.00	96.00	97.70	97.70	97.70	97.70	97.70	97.70	98.70	98.70
Street maintenance - crack seal (streets)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Street maintenance - traffic marking										
paint (gal.)	n/a	n/a	n/a	271	325	120	135	275	120	300
Street light repairs	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Water/Waste Water										
Active Residential Accounts	2,550	2,470	2,682	2,503	2,451	2,686	2,560	2,506	2,767	2,549
Active Commerical Accounts	477	335	473	381	455	343	335	364	379	359
Average Daily Water Consumption	758,904	783,561	838,673	821,096	782,192	817,534	872,883	732,960	718,416	898,063
Ground Storage Capacity (gallons)	\$7.5m	\$7.5m	\$7.5m	\$7.5m	\$7.5m	7.5m	7.5m	7.5m	7.5m	7.5m
		0 - no	0 - no	0 - no	0 - no	0 - no	0 - no	0 - no	0 - no	0 - no
		elevated	elevated	elevated	elevated	elevated	elevated	elevated	elevated	elevated
Elevated Storage Capactiy (gallons)	ated tanks	tanks	tanks	tanks	tanks	tanks	tanks	tanks	tanks	tanks
Ground Water Production Capactiy										
(1000 gallons per day)	3,226	3,226	3,226	3,226	3,312	3,312	3,312	3,312	3,312,000	3,312,000
Pump Capacity (gallons per minute)	2,240	2,240	2,240	2,240	2,300	2,300	2,300	2,300	2,300	2,300
Waste Water Treatment Capacity										
(1000 gallons per day)	840	840	840	840	840	840	840	840	840,000	840,000

Source: City of Sebastopol Finance Department

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works										
Streets (centerline miles)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Street lights	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Traffic signals	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Parks and Recreation										
Office buildings	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Park acreage	96	96	98	97.7	97.7	97.7	97.7	97.7	97.7	97.7
Playing fields/courts	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water play features	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Water										
Water mains (miles)	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
Fire hydrants	n/a	450	450	450	450	450	450	45	450	450
Storage capacity (million gallons)	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5
Treatment capacity (million gallons)										
Wastewater										
Sewer mains (miles)	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
Treatment capacity (million gallons)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

Source: City of Sebastopol Finance Department



City of Sebastopol

Presentation to the City Council



Agenda

- Deliverables and Scope of the Audit
- Areas of Primary Audit Risk
- Auditor's Report
- Required Communications
- New Accounting Standards
- Conclusion & Discussion/Questions



Deliverables and Scope of the Audit

- Independent Auditor's Report on the City of Sebastopol's Basic Financial Statements (BFS).
- Independent Auditor's Reports on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters.
- Agreed-Upon Procedures on Appropriation Limit Schedule.
- Communications with Those Charged with Governance.
 - Letter used to summarize communication of various significant matters to those charged with governance.
- Annual Street Report to State Controller's Office.
- Annual Financial Transactions Reports to State Controller's Office for City.



Areas of Primary Audit Risk

The risk of management override of controls is addressed by the following procedures:

- Assignment of audit staff based on consideration of audit risk.
- Procedures to incorporate an element of unpredictability in the audit from period to period.
- Consideration of the selection and application of significant accounting principles.
- Examination of journal entries.
- Review of accounting estimates for bias.
- Evaluation of business rationale for unusual transactions.
- Evaluation of the appropriateness of fraud-related inquiries performed.

Revenues & Receivables (Taxes, Grants, Notes, etc.) – Improper Revenue Recognitions:

- Governmental Funds: Confirm/validate property taxes, sales taxes, transient occupancy taxes, franchise taxes & other significant revenues/receivables.
- Enterprise Funds: Perform analytical procedures



Auditor's Report

Auditing Standards

- Audit performed in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards
- Audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Unmodified opinion

- Financial statements are fairly presented in all material respects
- Significant accounting policies have been consistently applied
- Estimates are reasonable
- Disclosures are properly reflected in the financial statements



Required Communications

Auditor's Responsibilities

Opinion on whether financial statements are fairly stated in accordance with U.S. GAAP

Evaluate internal control over financial reporting including tone at the top

Evaluate compliance with laws, contracts, and grants.

Ensure financial statements are clear and transparent

Communicate with the governing body

Management's Responsibilities

Management is responsible for the financial statements

Establish and maintain internal control over financial reporting

Making all financial records available to us

Establish internal control to prevent and detect fraud

Inform us of all known and suspected fraud

Comply with laws and regulations

Take corrective action on audit findings



Required Communications

Independence

- It is our responsibility to maintain independence
- We will maintain our independence by strict adherence to the AICPA and the Board of Accountancy rules and regulations
- No services performed that could affect our independence other than preparing the financial statements.

Timing of the Audit

 Within the time frame communicated to the City in our engagement letters.

Significant Accounting Policies and Unusual Transactions

- The City adopted the following new pronouncements during the year:
 - GASB Statement No. 100 Accounting Changes and Error Corrections



Required Communications

Management Judgment and Accounting Estimates

- Capital assets depreciation and useful life
- Pension and OPEB related estimates

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

• No difficulties encountered.

Significant Audit Adjustments and Unadjusted Differences

• Management has posted all proposed audit adjustments.

Deficiencies in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

• No material weaknesses identified during our audit.



New Accounting Standards

2025

- GASB Statement No. 101 Compensated Absences
- GASB Statement No. 102 Certain Risk Disclosures

2026

- GASB Statement No. 103 Financial Reporting Model Improvements
- GASB Statement No. 104 Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets





Thank You for Allowing us to Provide Audit Services to the City of Sebastopol.